TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1894. No. 297

Drugs at Night.

If you want a prescription filled at night accurately and quickly try the P. P. P. P. Don't stop to ring. Walk right in. C. H. Jones, 36 Government St.

Can You Pick a Present From this List

Rings, Bracelets, Lockets,
Brooches, Necklets, Buttons,
Chains, Watches, Scarf Pins,
Canes (Gold and Silver),
Purses and Card Cases,
Fish Sets in Cases,
Dessert Sets in Cases,
Salad Bowls (Dolton),
Biscuit Jars (Dolton),
Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils,
Silver Bangles,
Silver Spoons, Forks, Etc.,
Sterling Silver Brushes and Combs,
Sterling Silver Cream and Sugars,
Sterling Silver Photo Frames,
Sterling Silver Smelling Salts,
Sterling Silver Match Boxes,
Ster'g Silver Cigar & Cigarette Cases,
Sterling Silver Belts,
Sterling Silver Novelties,
Plated Novelties,

—AT—

Challoner and Mitchell's,

Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government Street

RECEIVED THIS DAY....

Monday, 26th Nov., 1894,

12 Packages

.....CONTAINING.....

Misses and Children's Jackets

ALSO New Styles in Capes,

Waterproofs, Jackets, Etc.

The Westside J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Our 15c Meals At The GEM RESTAURANT

Are unsurpassed by any House in the City. Cor. Government and Johnson Streets, in Hotel Victoria Block.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

Don't Miss the Great Opportunity of Securing Your Holiday Presents of

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Etc.,

At your own prices Without reserve. All goods warranted as represented or money refunded. Sales daily at 2:30 and 7:30 p.m.

49 GOVERNMENT STREET, OPPOSITE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Don't Think::

That's because the Garments we produce are superior in point of Style, Fit and Finish—high class work in fact—that we are "high-priced" Tailors.

Don't think that!

Our prices are as low as those quoted by any Merchant Tailor—worthy the name—in British Columbia.

A. GREGG & SON,

TAILORS, 62 Yates St.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

The Old Reliable Wellington Coal for Household Purposes.

Wellington and Comox nut coal at reasonable prices. Carload lots at special rates.

Rattray & Hall, Sole Agents, 100 GOVT. ST., TEL. NO. 83. 34 STORE ST., TEL. NO. 197.

C. H. STICKELS .... ROOMS: 19 to 22 .... Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. ..

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power, House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

Japs Have Captured Kin Chow—French Troops Arrive at Tamatave.

New Swazi Convention Signed—Negotiations for America's Cup Contest.

London, Dec. 11.—Concerning the suspension of the mercantile firm of Prowse Hall and Morris, and its connection with the financial crisis in Newfoundland, Mr. Morris, junior member of the firm, said to-day: "The suspension was ordered owing to the death of his partner, Hall, and consequent necessity of ascertaining the position of the firm. I am unable to say to what extent our failure is due to the Newfoundland crisis."

Clyde yachtmen are satisfied with the reply of the New York Yacht club to Dunraven's challenge. They believe Carter ought to sail the British boat.

The death of pugilist Smith from injuries received in a contest with "Dummy" Winters on Dec. 7, has resulted in the arrest of three sporting reporters, timekeeper and the promoter of the fight. They will be charged as accessories to manslaughter.

A Tientsin dispatch says the Japanese have captured Kin Chow, 50 miles north of Shan-Hai-Kwan. All reported quiet at Wu-Hu.

The condition of Mrs. Navarre (Mary Anderson) is improving.

Paris, Dec. 11.—M. Burdeau, chairman of the chamber of deputies, who was minister of finance in the cabinet of Casimer-Perier when premier and minister of foreign affairs—just previous to his election to the presidency of the French republic—is critically ill. He is suffering from congestion of the lungs.

The government is informed that 700 French troops have arrived at Tamatave.

Durban, Natal, Dec. 11.—The new Swazi convention was signed to-day by Sir Henry Brougham Loch, the high commissioner and commander-in-chief of Cape Colony, on behalf of the British government, and by President Kruger, on behalf of the South African Republic. The signatures were affixed to the document in the middle of the railway bridge connecting Natal with the Transvaal. It was to protest against the signing of this convention that a deputation of Swazi chiefs visited England recently with a petition to the Queen of England.

REICHSTAG EMBROILED.

Socialist Deputies to be Prosecuted for Not Cheering the Kaiser.

Berlin, Dec. 11.—The reichstag was crowded in expectation of witnessing exciting scenes over the motion of Chancellor Hohenlohe to prosecute Socialists who refused to respond to the president's call for cheers for the Kaiser last Thursday. President von Levetzow opened the sitting and read the petition of the public prosecutor for the prosecution of offending deputies. Petition referred. Chancellor Hohenlohe then rose and read his budget statement. After intimating that he would not allow in all things in the way of his predecessors, he dwelt upon the necessity for finance reform and rearrangement of the relations between the empire and individual states, and expanded the ideas set forth by the Emperor's speech. He concluded by calling attention to the necessity of strengthening the common laws against movements designed to undermine the authority of the state.

The fact that Prince Hohenlohe, the chancellor, communicated to Herr von Levetzow, president of the reichstag, a request from the public prosecutor that the reichstag sanction the criminal prosecution of the Socialist deputies who remained seated on Thursday last, when Herr von Levetsow called for cheers for the Emperor has aroused a storm of discussion in the press. The National Zeitung, commenting on the request, says: "If the reichstag were to authorize prosecutions, further action would depend upon the decision of the judicial authorities on doubtful question as to what constitutes "les injeste."

The Boersen Courier remarks: "There is no doubt the reichstag will emphatically reject the request. If the government intends to dissolve parliament let it be done before the unpleasant debates arise."

The Tagblatt states that "Socialists standing in need of a weapon with which to stir up the masses and the government is going the best way to supply the same."

The case of Robert F. Knoebs, the American charged with "ringing" horses on the German tracks, was again heard and the prisoner was admitted to bail in the sum of ten thousand marks. He entered and started a mare on the Berlin track under the name of "Nellie Knoebs." It was expected that the mare was none other than the American mare Bethel, whose record was 2:16 1-4. Knoebs was arrested and abundant evidence was found to hold him upon a criminal charge. He will sail as soon as possible for the United States by way of Liverpool.

ATLANTIC LINES COMBINE.

The Hamburg-American and Thingvalla Lines Amalgamate.

Hamburg, Dec. 11.—The Hamburg-American line of steamships and the Thingvalla line of steamers, the latter of Copenhagen, to-day consolidated their interests in all traffic between Scandinavia and New York. Arrangements have been made for a joint service between Copenhagen, Gothenburg and Christiania and New York. This will include regular weekly departures of steamers from both sides of the Atlantic.

THE DETROIT LIBELLED.

Salvage of $2,500 Claimed by the Owners of the Lorne.

By virtue of a warrant of arrest issued at the instance of Joan Olive Dunsmuir, Deputy Sheriff Hibbson Siddall to-day took possession of the bark Detroit. The plaintiff claims $2,500 salvage on account of her tug Lorne bringing the Detroit into Esquimalt harbor from a point about 35 miles off Flattery, where she was in a sinking condition caused by the springing of a leak. When saved it is claimed the Detroit had 11 feet of water in her hold. Messrs. Davie, Pooley & Luxton are acting for the plaintiff.

CHEST PROTECTORS

AN ELEGANT LINE.
LATEST DESIGNS.
LOWEST PRICES.

COCHRANE & MUNN, - Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A nursery governess. Apply to Mrs. Taylor, 12 Park Road, between the hours of 11 and 1. d11-3t

MUST BE SOLD this week, a fine New York piano, numbering 35,000 made and sold. C. A., Times. d10-2t

FERNWOOD LODGE, I.O.O.F., will give a concert and dance on Thursday, Dec. 13 at the Odd Fellows Hall, Spring Ridge. Single tickets, 50c.; double tickets, 75c. n29

WANTED—A maid servant. Apply to Mrs. Archer Martin, 3 McGregor Avenue, Oak Bay Junction. d11-1t

SINGLE TAX CLUB holds its regular meeting in the hall, corner Government and Yates streets, to-morow, Wednesday, evening. Reform questions will be discussed. Visitors welcome. d11-1t

FIVE HUNDRED BOOKS WANTED and also a few years of the Young Ladies' Journal in exchange for books or cash at Sampson's Book Exchange. d11-1t

MY GROCERY STORE, situated at 165 1-2 Douglas Street, for sale, owing to ill health. An industrious man can easily earn $40 a week clear profit. On account of my illness I must leave Victoria for the South, an therefore will sell the business cheap to a good man. I have no debts nor outstanding accounts. My business is strictly cash. H. Stadthagen, the Cheapest Grocery, 165 1-2 Douglas Street, second door from Chatham street. d11-3t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an act to incorporate a Benefit Society to be called "The Canadian Order of Foresters," with its head office at the City of Brantford, Ontario, with power to insure the members thereof and to establish subordinate Courts of Foresters throughout the Dominion of Canada.

Dated at Brantford, the 26th day of November, A.D. 1894.

HARDY, WILKES & HARDY,
Solicitors for Applicants.

d11-9w

ON WEDNESDAY, DEC. 12th, 1894
At 1:30 p.m.

BY W. FURNIVAL & CO.,

We will sell at our mart the contents of a well-furnished six-room cottage, consisting in part of parlor furniture, oak, walnut and other bedroom suites, hair and box mattresses, bedding, toilet ware, carpets, oak sideboard, oak and walnut extension tables, oak, bent wood and other dining chairs, dinner sets and other crockery, pictures, shades, cook and heating stoves, linoleum, tinware, kitchen utensils, etc. Also a number of well-bred chickens, draught and carriage horses, harness, wagons, carriages, etc.

d11-1t W. FURNIVAL, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

To Sealers and Others.

THURSDAY, DEC'B'R. 13, at 11 a.m.

I will sell at the Outer Wharf,

A LOT OF FINE SAILS,

consisting of Foresails, Mainsails, Spanker, Flying Jib and Staysail.

Draughts of same may be seen on application to

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

No reserve. d11

AUCTION

Crockery! Crockery!

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, at 11 a. m.

To Storekeepers, Restaurants and Others.

I will sell at my salesrooms, Wharf St., 5 CRATES OF CROCKERY, consisting of cups, saucers, large and small jugs, vegetable bakers (5 to 9 inches), soup plates, dining plates, chamber sets, etc. No reserve.

d11 G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

FROM THE GOLDEN STATE

General Ezeta Determines to Return to Salvador—A Revolution Probable.

A Cyclone at West Berkley Does Considerable Damage to Property.

San Francisco, Dec. 11.—Joseph Carroll, brother of the late James Carroll, who left an estate valued at nearly $250,000, is about to contest the will by which a legacy of over $100,000 was left to Archbishop Riordan and smaller bequests to a number of charities. Contestant, who alleges that his brother was of unsound mind and unduly influenced, was bequeathed $5000, as was also his wife and each of his children.

A. B. Lemon, Santa Rosa, was elected president of the California Press association to-day.

R. H. Pratt, assistant general superintendent of the Southern Pacific company, will retire from the employ of the company at the end of the present month. With the retirement of Pratt the position of assistant general superintendent will be abolished for the sake of economy.

General Antonio Ezeta is going back to San Salvador to start a revolution. He is determined to get hold of the reins of government once more, and if he cannot accomplish that result by peaceful means and without bloodshed, then he will adopt the next best method. "I am led to believe that the people of San Salvador are anxious for me to return," he said, "for the people of all classes and everybody except Guttierez and his few followers want me to go back and take charge of the affairs of government. They tell me that I shall be received with open arms, and I am determined to go. I shall return to Salvador and compel Guttierez to retire from the presidency. I will ask him to resign, as I hope to establish my government without bloodshed. If I meet with any opposition, then the movement will take the form of a revolution."

Last evening company G of the third regiment, N. G. C., was mustered out of service in accordance with the orders of Governor Markham. The company during the Sacramento strike refused to obey orders, and this act made it necessary for the issuance of orders for its retirement. The company was also mustered out at Sacramento last night.

The wreck of the schooner W. L. Beebe of Port Blakely, which went ashore below the Cliff house yesterday morning, will be sold at auction at the merchants' exchange this afternoon.

The wreck of the schooner W. L. Beebe was sold this afternoon to A. C. Freese for $255.

Oakland, Cal., Dec. 11.—A strong wind, resembling a cyclone, struck West Berkely this afternoon. It seemed to have a circuital motion. It blew off part of the roof of the Standard Soap works and then struck Niehu's planing mill, where it did some damage. At Taylor's lumber yard it sent some 10,000 feet of lumber into the bay. The office of a weekly paper called the Gazette was badly shattered.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Case of Smallpox in Toronto—Professor Thompson Dead.

Montreal, Dec. 11.—Stokes, Lucey and Johnson, of the gang of five burglars arrested on Saturday, were arraigned in the police court this morning and pleaded not guilty. Johnson pleaded not guilty to having a set of burglars' tools in his possession and not guilty to a charge of shooting an officer with intent to kill.

Toronto, Dec. 11.—James Fox, the well known performer, gave a show at Strathroy on Wednesday night, and was taken ill and brought to town, where it is believed he has smallpox. He was taken to the isolation hospital. This is the first case Toronto has had for several years.

Professor R. Y. Thompson, M. A., homiletics, pastoral theology and church who for some years filled the chair of government at Knox college, is dead.

Halifax, Dec. 11.—Merchants in this city are much excited over the financial collapse in Newfoundland, but the loss here will not be heavy, as Montreal has of late years captured nearly all the trade formerly done by Nova Scotia. The liabilities in Halifax of the firms that have failed, it is thought, will not reach $20,000. Port Anticonish does the largest business with Nova Scotia and Newfoundland, and the remittances are made weekly, and it is not believed that the loss will reach a large figure.

Toronto, Dec. 11.—Dr. Bryce, secretary of the provincial board of health, reports applications for anti-toxine for the treatment of diphtheria from all parts of the province. It has been brought in regularly from New York, and has proved successful in all cases except one in Toronto, where it was applied too late.

St. Thomas, Dec. 11.—A case of smallpox has been discovered here, the afflicted one being Charles Staner, who arrived in this city about a week ago.

Good Xmas Presents.

Fine carving sets and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—There will be a meeting of the city council to-night.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal at Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

CONFERS WITH SEALERS.

Minister Tupper Says the $425,008 Includes All Claims Up to August, 1893.

Advises Sealers to Accept–Modus Vivendi Claim Against England.

Between twenty and thirty sealers gathered together in the board of trade rooms yesterday afternoon to confer with Minister Tupper re sealing matters. E. V. Bodwell and A. L. Belyea, lawyers, were in attendance to advise different members of the sealing association. The meeting was called for 2.30, but it was after three before Sir Charles materialized.

Sir Charles opened the meeting by saying that he would like the views of the sealers conveyed to the Dominion government is as good a shape as possible. It was intimated to him that the $425,000 compensation offered by the United States government to the sealers was refused by them, it would be necessary to at once let the government of the United States know; then commissioners would be appointed by the respective governments and legal evidence would have to be given. The $425,000 was intended by the United States government to cover every claim to August, 1893, with the exception of the Coquitlam claim. The claims, under the modus vivendi had been withdrawn as regards the United States. There was no legal modus vivendi claim against the United States, but that did not follow that the question was disposed of so far as the government of Great Britain was concerned. Nothing had been done by the Canadian government or by himself at Paris to affect one point in connection with the claim. All the Canadian government could do was to be an intermediary and venture to back them up, but the government could not make any other effort. Having consulted with the premier, he was of the opinion that nothing existed in the matter of the claims. He asked what the sealers wanted; he would advise them to take the $425,000. Nothing could have prevented the delay in settling the claims in the past. If they did not accept the $425,000 the Canadian government would intimate the same to the British government. He suggested that the claims under the modus vivendi be put in shape and then they would be submitted by the Canadian to the British government. He advised them that the claim be put at as low a figure as possible; this would only strengthen their chances.

Mr. Belyea asked did not the imperial government intimate that they would not be responsible for claims under the continuance of the modus vivendi.

Sir Charles admitted that the British government had so intimated, but argued that that did not make the claim less valid. The claims could be presented to the British government, and he did not think that the government would fail to do justice to any of Her Majesty's subjects.

E. V. Bodwell asked to whom the memorial should be addressed and what the memorial should contain.

Minister Tupper replied that the memorial should be sent to the governor-general in council. Brevity was the soul of wit, and it would be well to make the memorial short, embracing all the facts, and always taking care to use the language of submission. There was no way of enforcing the claims if refused; they should be put down to the lowest possible sum.

Mr. Bodwell said on the $100,000 allowed for 1891 only direct loss was allowed and no compensation was allowed. Part of this claim would be asking for compensation.

Minister Tupper said they would have to suggest for themselves a basis of losses. Between governments, as in the Alabama claims, only direct losses were taken into account.

Mr. Bodwell asked could they claim under the fifth article of the convention.

Minister Tupper advised them to keep outside of the convention. The United States would quote one article against another.

Mr. Bodwell asked should they go into particular proof or use genral language.

Minister Tupper replied that they should give in detail the estimates and figures and their deductions from them; it would have greater strength than a mere general claim, and they could not then be regarded as fictitious.

Mr. Rithet asked was the expense of the Sayward case included in the $425,-000.

The reply was in the negative.

Richard Hall asked if the $425,000 were accepted how would the claims be adjusted.

Minister Tupper replied that he could not give any information on that matter yet; it would lie with the British government.

Mr. Rithet asked regarding the Wanderer's claim.

The reply was that off hand he could not give information.

Capt. Cox asked could the sealers cross the prohibited zone.

Sir Charles said there was no reason why they should not cross the zone, but he could not say that they would not be interfered with. Boats had been interfered with in many instances when they had not transgressed any law. He knew that the officers had placed a different construction on the matter. Every nation resisted the right of search; it was this claim that brought on the war of 1812 between England and the United States. Since then no nation had put forward the right of search, but it was also true that they had not abandoned it.

A vote of thanks was then passed to Minister Tupper.

In reply he said that political capital had been made out of the Paris arbitration by the Grit press. It had been said that Premier Thompson and himself had made an effort to exalt themselves over securing a great achievement at Paris, and that was not true. They could not be other than advisers to the crown. The Canadian government felt sore that the wishes of their representatives were not further pressed, but no one knew how the hands of Lord Rosebery might have been tied at the time, and what the state of the European political cloud was then. What he claimed was that they had got a victory in Paris and that they had crushed a gigantic monopoly which had triumphed on the floor of congress, and against which the people of California and Oregon had petitioned and petitioned in vain. This monopoly had tried to crush out pelagic sealing but they had not succeeded, backed as they were by almost unlimited funds. The government had put down monopoly; this they claimed and no more.

NEW ZEALAND POLITICS.

Premier Ward Outlines the Policy of His Government.

Auckland, N. Z., Dec. 10.—Premier Ward outlined in a speech last evening the policy of the government in the coming session. Their aim, he said, would be to readjust the tariff, introduce extensive local government reforms and old age pensions. He condemned Great Britain's apathy in the matter of the Pacific cable, expressing regret that the powerful influence of one man was of more importance than the wishes of the colonists. He contended that the colonists' opinions as to Samoa ought to be treated with respect, inasmuch as they were prompted by the best spirit and aimed at the welfare of the empire.

PROFESSOR CHARLES FAUVEL, M.D.

ONE OF THE MOST DISTINGUISHED SPECIALISTS IN DISASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE.—FOUNDER OF A LARGE FREE DISPENSARY IN PARIS.

Professor Fauvel was born in 1830, at Amiens, and now resides in Paris. For his high attainments in his profession he has received almost every mark of distinction that could be conferred upon him by his country or his confreres in medicine. These are his words, 'Of all the tonics, none equal "Vin Mariani." I use it personally and for my family, and have prescribed it for more than twenty years with unvarying satisfaction to myself and patients.' Vin Mariani is the only tonic-stimulant without any unpleasant reaction and which may be taken indefinitely. If you are tired, weak, nervous, irritable, if you feel a want of energy and have not a good appetite, just try 'Vin Mariani.' Surely a remedy recommended by thousands of eminent people the world over is worth a single trial. Send stamp to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian agents, and receive, gratis, a beautiful little album containing the photographs of many celebrities who have testified to the excellence of 'Vin Mariani.'

OFFICERS CENSURED.

Captain and Officers of H. M. S. Ringarooma Censured for Negligence.

Sydney, N. S. W., Dec. 10.—The naval court appointed to enquire into the grounding of H. M. S. Ringarooma, off Mallicollo island, in September, has passed censure upon Captain Johnson and Lieutenants Chetwynde and Macdonald for negligence, and dismissed Chetwynde from the ship. In general the captain and his officers are commended on geting the vessel off the gound and taking her to port at Sandwich.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

A Budget of News from the Southern Republic.

City of Mexico, Dec. 11.—President Diaz is receiving many offers of men, money, etc., in case of war with Guatemala to all of which he replies with thanks saying that he does not believe that there will be any need of going to war. Mazatlan papers say a lot of material is now on the wharf waiting transportation to Oaxaca.

The legislature of the state of Morales elected Malaracon governor of that state.

The city engineers report the national theatre in a dangerous condition and the building may be declared unsafe and ordered closed.

Fred A. Lopez is the latest victim of assault by the bull fighters.

It is reported that assistant secretary of war Ezulaean will soon marry for the fourth time.

The press announces a duel between a colonel and a general caused by a discussion of the Guatemalan question.

Brown's ★ ★ ★ Special Scotch will be found on the table of those who know what fine whisky is. H. Corby, Belleville, Agent for Canada.

Why not try **WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT!**

Doctors highly recommend it to those

Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,
as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.

PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Warning to the Public.

We earnestly request the public to see that in the end of each "Peg Top" Cigar a peg is inserted, bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers and others endeavor to imitate our celebrated brand.

We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves.

L. O. GROTHE & CO.

THE DALLAS ROAD.

To the Editor:—In view of the fact that Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, minister of marine and fisheries is now visiting Victoria, and is apparently desirous of making himself thoroughly conversant with the various questions coming under the purview of his department and of vital importance to the interests of the province as a whole, the council should not lose the opportunity of directing the minister's attention to matters of a local character which demand earnest consideration and immediate action.

A subject which is of interest not only to the city council, but to almost every citizen of Victoria is the fact that large portions of the banks of Dallas road between Menzies and Montreal streets are being annually carried away by the action of the tides. If this erosion is allowed to continue the near future will see this beautiful drive completely obliterated. This matter has, I think, been submitted by a former council to the department at Ottawa; but without any beneficial results. I wish, therefore, to point out the desirability of requesting the minister to make a personal inspection of the ground, and thus lighten the labor of our representatives in the Dominion parliament when they make application for an appropriation to be devoted to this necessary service.

TOM KAINS.

Victoria, Dec. 10.

FRANK LEAKE
Oshawa, Ont.

Pains in the Joints

Caused by Inflammatory Swelling

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"It affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with great pain in the joints, accompanied with swelling so bad that he could not get up stairs to bed without crawling on hands and knees. I was very anxious about him, and having read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I determined to try it, and got a half-dozen bottles, four of which entirely cured him." MRS. G. A. LAKE, Oshawa, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents. ... to overcome ... Ill. book free **DEFORMITY**

CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

JUST RECEIVED THREE CASES OF

Corsets

TO ensure a perfect fitting costume nothing is more essential that a perfect fitting corset, and one that will readily adapt itself to the figure, imparting the long waisted graceful appearance so desirable for the present fashion. The following lines of Corsets possess the necessary qualities:

THE MAY, 5 hooks—Made of Grey Jean. 50c a pair.

THE QUEEN, 5 hooks—Made of Gold and Ecru Jean. 75c a pair.

THE C. & D., 5 hooks—They are the best $1 corset in the market, boned with rota, a superior material, and guaranteed not to break or roll over the hips.

THE YATIST—The most perfect fitting, comfortable and satisfactory Corset ever worn. $1.25 a pair.

THE MODJESKA, Spoon Busk —Made of Brown Jean, strong and durable. $1.25 a pair.

SEWELL'S RIVAL CORSET —Made of Black Satinette. $1.50 a pair. Is cut on the lines of the latest French model.

Also the following makes:—
Childrens' Hygeian Waists;
Ladies' Hygeian Waists;
Crompton Coraline.
P. D. in Grey and Black.

J. Horner & Co.

GROCESIER.

New Fruits

Just received, a complete line of new Sultana and Valencia Raisins, Currants, Figs and Peel. Selling off last year's currants at 5c. per pound.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 38 Fort St.

Xmas Fruit.

CURRANTS AND RAISINS

Just arrived and thoroughly cleaned in our fruit cleaning machine. We guarantee the prices right and quality best at

JOHN'S BROS.,

201 Douglas St., Cor. Kings Road.

Are You In the Swim?

Everybody is who buys their Groceries At

W. Hazlett's Cash Grocery,

72 Fort Street, near Douglas.

—PRICES AWAY DOWN—

5 lb. Pails Mince Meat	75 cts.
5 lb. Pails Jam	65 cts.
7 lb. Pails Jam	85 cts.
3 1-2 lbs. Currants	25 cts.
3 1-2 lbs. Raisins	25 cts.
2 lbs. Best Prunes	25 cts.
2 lbs. Best Apricots	25 cts.
2 lbs. Dried Apples	25 cts.
Japanese Oranges	50 cts per box

And a comple stock of First Class Groceries at Equally Low Prices.

Note the address: 72 Fort Street, near Douglas. A call solicited.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

Victoria Metal Works Co.

J. FITZPATRICK,
Sanitary Plumbers,
Steam and Hot Water Engineers.

COPPER, BRASS, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORKERS.

Repairing Bicycles, etc.; also First Class Brazing and general repairing of Tinware. Dealers in New and Second Hand Stoves.

117 FORT STREET

AMUSEMENTS.

A GRAND

CONCERT

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Gov. and Mrs. Dewdney, will be held for the

James Bay Athletic Association,

IN PHILHARMONIC HALL,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 12., 1894.

An excellent programme will be presented by well known amateurs.

Tickets may be obtained from members, and general admission 50 cents. Concert begins at 8 o'clock sharp.

ANNIVERSARY

DANCE AND SUPPER.

Colfax Lodge, Sisters of Rebekah,

Will give an Anniversary Dance and Supper

—on—

TUESDAY Ev'g, December 11,

At I. O. O. F. Hall, Douglas Street. Tickets $1.00, including lady and gentleman, can be procured from the members of the committee and at Henry Waller's, on Douglas street, Dean & Cryderman's, cor. Yates and Broad Streets.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt. J. D. Warren, 6 Trounce avenue.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Hon. Mr. Davie's Bill for the Government of Cities by Commissioners.

Mechanics and Laborers' Bill Passes Through Committee—A Quiet Day.

SIXTEENTH DAY.

Monday, Dec. 12.

The speaker took the chair at two o'clock. Prayers by the Rev. P. McF. Macleod.

Mr. McPherson presented a petition from the W. C. T. U. re Sunday observance. Similar petitions were presented by Mr. Kidd from the I. O. G. T. and by Mr. Kennedy from St. Andrew's church, New Westminster.

Mr. McGregor presented a petition from the corporation of Nanaimo asking for a private bill to empower the city to construct a water works system. The petition was received.

Mr. McGregeor presented a petition from the corporation of Nanaimo re the official map act. It was received.

Dr. Walkem presented a petition from the residents of Gabriola island.

Mr. Graham presented a petition from the residents of Kettle river district asking for a wagon road. The petition was ruled out of order, as it asked for an appropriation.

Mr. Helmcken presented a petition from Messrs. Beattie, Ward, Rand and others asking for a private bill to empower them to use the waters of Stave river, Westminster district, for electric and other purposes. The petition was received.

Mr. Eberts presented the third report of the private bills committee, which stated that the rules and orders had been complied with in connection with the petitions from the North Vancouver Electric company, the corporation of Vancouver, the corporation of New Westminster and the Red Mountain railway company. The committee also reported to the house the Harrison Hot Springs bill. The report was received.

Hon. Col. Baker presented a return of the papers in connection with the Fraser river floods.

Mr. Cotton asked leave to resign as a member of the public accounts committee, as he was unable to attend the meetings. The request was granted. Mr. Sword was appointed in his stead.

Mr. Williams rose to a question of privilege. In the Kamloops Sentinel it was stated that he had proposed to exempt the cities of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo from the operation of the small debts act. He did not propose this; in fact he had voted against the amendment which proposed to do this.

The speaker presented the annual report of the legislative librarian.

Hon. Mr. Davie introduced a bill relating to the government of cities.

Dr. Walkem moved for a return of all intestate estates either administered or unadministered by the official administrator for the past three years. The motion was adopted.

Dr. Walkem introduced a bill to amend the homestead act.

Mr. Helmcken introduced a bill to regulate the practice of dentistry.

Dr. Walkem moved for all the papers in connection with the late inquiry into the management of the provincial lunatic asylum, together with the letter of instructions to the commissioners to make the inquiry. The motion was adopted.

The mechanics' and laborers' bill passed through committee, one small amendment being made.

Mr. Helmcken asked what reply, if any, had been received from the government of the Dominion of Canada to the resolution of this house praying for the removal of the Indians from the Songhees Indian reserve.

Hon. Col. Baker replied that a return of all the papers in connection with the matter had been brought down at the last session.

Mr. Helmcken moved the second reading of the execution bill, which extended the present act and supplied an omission which came to light in a recent trial. The bill made more clear a provision that an employe should have a prior claim for a month's wages from an execution debtor.

The bill was read a second time.

The house went into committee, Mr. McGregor in the chair, on the workmen's wages bill. It was reported complete with amendments.

The speaker drew attention to the fact that Sir Charles H. Tupper was present, and he called a recess for half an hour to give the members an opportunity to meet him.

After recess Mr. Eberts introduced a bill to amend the Red Mountain railway act.

The house adjourned at 5.20.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

Yesterday was the last day for receiving petitions for private bills. Very few private bills have been introduced.

Mr. Eberts intends to introduce a bill to amend the county court act.

Mr. Williams has given notice of his intention to ask whether it is the intention of the government to claim and retain the lumber cut at Leamy and Kyle's mill, Vancouver, and now in the yard of said mill, for timber dues, to the exclusion of wages due by Leamy and Kyle to the men employed by them for cutting said lumber, amounting to $1900?

Hon. Mr. Davie yesterday introduced a bill relating to the government of cities. The bill is divided into two parts, the first part relating to the proceedings for bringing the second part into force and revoking it. The second part relates to the government of cities and towns by a board of commissioners and to the appointment of the same. The first part provides that upon a petition signed by not less that 50 persons entitled to vote in the city, the Lieut.-Governor may order an election to decide whether the city shall be governed by commissioners or not, he making such regulations for the election as he may see fit, the city being required to carry them out. A mere majority will be necessary to either endorse or defeat the proposal. If the question is resolved in the affirmative the Lieut.-Governor may 14 days afterwards bring into force the second part of the act. If the election is not regular he may order a new election or refer the matter to a supreme court judge. If the question is decided in the negative no similar petition shall be put to the electors for at least twelve months. The electors may revoke the petition in a similar manner to that in which it was adopted.

The second part of the act provides for the management of the city by a board of commissioners, of which the mayor shall be an ex-officio member. The aldermen are done away with. There shall be not less than two nor more than four commissioners, who shall be appointed by the Lieut.-Governor-in-Council. Their term of office shall be three years, but they may be removed at the pleasure of the Lieut.-Governor. The mayor and commissioners are to work under the municipal act, the mayor alone being elected and being deemed the head of the corporation. The commissioners may be disqualified for the same reasons that aldermen are, and the law is made more stringent, a commissioner being liable to imprisonment for one year and a fine of $1000 if he enter into a contract either directly or indirectly with the corporation. The commissioners are to receive a salary not to exceed $4000 annually, but shall not be engaged in any other trade or calling, and must devote the whole of their time to the concerns of the corporation. The mayor is to receive not more than $2000 annually, the exact amount to be fixed by the other commissioners, but he may be engaged in business. The salaries are to be paid out of the municipal revenue. Each commissioner, other than the mayor, shall give security for the due performance of his duty, and shall take the oath of office. The board may appoint committees to manage the different departments of the city, but they shall be responsible to the whole board. The board shall compose the court of revision and any member shall be eligible as a police or license commissioner. The board may pass by-laws for the regulation of their meetings and shall report annually to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council before the 15th of February.

Dr. Walkem's bill to amend the homestead act exempts a debtor's stock in trade from seizure.

The report of the provincial librarian states that 1200 volumes have been added to the library during the year, and it has also been placed on the exchange lists of many institutions and most of the countries of the world. Among the new volumes are about two hundred volumes relating to the early history of the province and Canada since 1700.

CANADA

Coupon---Part 9.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents (12 cents if to be sent by mail) to the Times office, Broad St., Victoria, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per above number.

N.B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

Rheumatism is primarily caused by acidity of the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and thus cures the disease.

—Some beautiful oak upholstered rockers in a variety of striking designs. See them before you buy a Christmas present. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Company.

CALL AT

THE "GROTTO"

AND HAVE A BOTTLE OF

MOIGNEAUX ✠ EXTRA ✠ DRY

✠ ✠ 84 CHAMPAGNE ✠ ✠

THE FINEST GOODS IN THE MARKET.

THE WAIRARAPA DISASTER.

The Disaster Attributed to Capt. McIntosh, Who Went Down With the Ship.

Auckland, New Zealand, Dec. 10.—The court of inquiry has found that the steamship Wairarapa, bound from Sydned, N. S. W., to this port and which was wrecked on Sunday night, October 28th on Great Barrier island, with the loss of over eighty lives, was lost through the fault of Capt. McIntosh, who was among the drowned. Chief Officer Noyes in addition has been found guilty of negligence, but not to an extent great enough to cause suspension of his certificates. The court also found that the boat drill on board the steamship was a farce and that the crew failed to all which might be expected of British seamen in such emergency.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

Is **FIFTY TIMES** more nourishing than

Meat Extracts or Home-Made Beef Tea.

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COAL. COAL.

Go to 28 Yates Street for Wellington Coal

Telephone No. 449.

G. GAWLEY.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.

Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge, Mills, Sidney, B.C.

Telephone 502. nov6-tf

What Did Mrs. Say?

That We Can Get Almost Anything We Want

—AT—

WEILER BROS.

Or as some people say: "Maples of British Columbia," for they have the Most Complete Stock of

Xmas and New Years Presents

You could wish to see.

We would suggest that you make a selection from

OUR STOCK OF PLATED GOODS

See the prices before buying elsewhere.

BRASS GOODS, CHINA, GLASSWARE, ETC

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER

DANUBE

Meyer, Master

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,

—FOR—

Skidegate and Way Ports

—on—

Wednesday, December 12

At 8 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.

The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time without notification.

December 7. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From the 1st January, 1895, and till further notice the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent (3%) per annum.

A. J. C. GALLETLY,

Victoria, Nov. 28, 1894. Manager.

ADAMS'

TUTTI FRUTTI

AN ABSOLUTE CURE

—FOR—

INDIGESTION

Sold by all Druggists & Confectioners

Take no worthless imitation. See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" IS ON EACH 5 CENT PACKAGE

CANADA

The publication of the PORTFOLIOS OF CANADIAN SCENES which was suspended during the holidays, has been resumed, and will be completed within a few weeks. Readers of the Times have already had an opportunity to procure Parts 1 to 8. Part 9 is now on hand. Cut out the Coupon in this paper and bring to Times office with 10c. (2c. additional if Portfolio is to be returned by mail) and receive Portfolio.

We will be able to supply a limited number of complete sets. For a Holiday Present a set of these handsome views or a set of America Photographed, which we can still furnish, would be "just the thing."

See Coupon in another place.

REMOVAL NOTCIE.

DR. WADE

Has removed his office to No. 4 Broughton Street, corner of Government street (over E. M. Johnson's office). Hours 10 to 1, 3 to 5 and 7:30 to 8. Hours for eye and ear cases—10:30 to 12. 5-1m

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 20,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed 2c stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. ... Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 6755, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government str.et. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fiard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Tem. le, corner Douglas and Fiard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, Kalsomining supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

TO LET.

TO LET—8 roomed house on Niagara street, James Bay, rent reduced from $25 to $15 per month; 7 roomed brick house, Cadboro Bay road, $18 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

PIANOS—To let, 76 Princess Ave. 29-11-2w

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Immediately a thoroughly experienced steward; must have first class credentials as to character and ability. Apply by letter to the Secretary of the Union Club. n25-tf

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—Sewing by the day by a dressmaker just from Winnipeg; first class work promised. Address Miss Shepherd, Times office, or Vining street, Spring Ridge. dec4-1w

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oc27-tf

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

B.C. PIONEER SOCIETY

THE ANNUAL DINNER
of the Society will take place
Tuesday, Dec. 18, at the Victoria Hotel
Tickets may be obtained of any member of the committee or from the undersigned.
A. GRAHAM, Secretary.
Victoria, 5th Dec., 1894. d6-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED IMMEDIATELY a small, comfortably furnished house near the city. Address W., Times office. n10-2t

BRING YOUR CLEAN GREASE to the Victoria Soap Works; receive cash or soap; cor. Herald and Govt. Sts. d10-1m

WANTED—Trees to prepare for grafting, root pruning, orchard renovating, etc. Apply J. W. Webb, Garden Contractor. 8-3t

MASTERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Good cook open to engagement. Apply "E," 5 Green street, city.

SHOOTING MATCH at the Colwood Hotel on the 15th December for turkeys and and geese. Wm. McNeill, manager. d4-d

The Daily Times.

THE POST OFFICE QUESTION.

Sir Hibbert Tupper made a curious blunder, for an experienced politician, last night when he concluded his speech and took his seat without a reference to the post office trouble. The audience was left to infer that if it had not been for Ald. Wilson's timely and pointed question the minister would have left the matter alone altogether. The impression was not lessened by the promptitude with which Premier Davie got up to move a vote of thanks. Naturally the subject was not an agreeable one to Sir Hibbert, but he well know the audience was anxious to hear an explanation from him: there were plenty of reminders given him in the course of his speech. It was therefore a decided mistake on his part to show an anxiety to avoid the subject. But the nature of his reply to Ald. Wilson's question leaves no reason for surprise at his reluctance to touch upon the matter. It was practically a repetition of what he said to the party gathering on Saturday evening, and doubtless he had some evidence from his own friends that the tone of his statement was not at all popular. Sir Hibbert correctly credited the people of Victoria with a warm regard for fair play, and it was beyond his power to convince them that the post office employes had been treated with anything approaching fair play. His talk about punishing and disciplining the strikers sounded most puerile and petty to his hearers, who knew all the circumstances. He made it plain that the cabinet entirely ignored the fact that the men had voluntarily gone back to work to await the settlement of their case, and that there was very little interruption to the service. The old story was also repeated that the delay in giving the provisional allowance was due to a doubt as to whom it should be paid. To say this is to give the Ottawa administration a rare character for incapacity and stupidity; because no man will believe that it really required four or five months to settle so trifling a question. However, the difficulty is now removed from the department's path, for the $1500 filched from the Victoria men will probably suffice to satisfy all other claimants. Sir Hibbert took pains also to repeat his statement that since coming here he had found that there were two sides to the question—whereat Messrs. Prior and Earle did not look altogether comfortable. Sir Hibbert could hardly have administered to two faithful adherents a more sever snub. He talked of reconsideration, but with the air of a man who knew what he was saying came with bad grace after the manner in which he and the government had flouted the Victoria public. Reconsideration now will only be conceded under fear of a hostile vote at the election, and if justice is done everybody will understand that it is done grudgingly and from an unworthy motive. Who is innocent enough to believe that the government will not be if it is given a new lease of power?

RATHER "THIN."

Victorians will hardly accept as satisfactory Sir Hibbert Tupper's answers to Ald. Wilson's questions reharding the C. P. R. steamers and the San Pedro. The case of Halifax and St. John is not a parallel with that of Victoria and Vancouver. There is bitter rivalry between the two eastern cities as to which shall be the terminus of the Atlantic line, and there is no such rivalry here. It is simply a question whether the Canadian Pacific railway should be at liberty to put a gratuitous slight upon this city, whose people contribute heavily to the subsidy enjoyed by the company. No extra burden would be imposed by a requirement that the steamers should touch here in regular fashion instead of keeping up a pretence of being forced to anchor outside. Besides, Sir Hibbert is well aware that the Australian line steamships are obliged to call regularly at this port, and the others might well be put on the same footing. The minister was probably quite conscious that his reply did not convey the real reasons for the insulting treatment of Victoria.

The statement in regard to the San Pedro was not more satisfactory. No body would like to see the owners of the wrecked vessel or those who have any interest in her harshly dealt with. It was right that reasonable time should be given for attempts at salvage, but three years ought to be sufficient, in all conscience. Nothing has been done to the hulk now for many months, and it is high time that the owners should be asked to proceed with the salvage work or declare for its abandonment.

NOT BY THE BOOK.

Sir Hibbert Tupper said that under the N. P. the taxation had only increased $3,000,000. Where does Sir Hibbert get his figures? The public accounts published by his government show that the customs taxation alone increased in twelve years from $16,000,000 in 1878 to $24,000,000 in 1890. Last year it was over $20,000,000. The public accounts volume gives the total receipts under the head of "taxes" for 1878 as $18,476,000, and for 1893 as $29,321,000, an increase of eleven millions. Sir Tupper, we fear, made a deliberate attempt to mislead his audience, and must be set down as an untruthful knight. He is very foolish, as well, to attempt to falsify figures that are given in the bluebooks.

There has also been an addition to the permanent debt of $137,000,000 since those prduent and patriotic gentlemen took the helm. The last official returns placed the debt at $310,000,000—excluding the recent loan.

Sir Hibbert and his colleagues have increased the annual expenditure by $13,000,000.

The interest charges alone have been increased $3,000,000 per year since the introduction of the national policy.

Sir Hibbert omitted to mention the trifling decline of Canada's trade of $8,744,305 during the first four months of the current year.

The average duty collected during the last fiscal month was one and one-half per cent. higher than during October, 1893.

The average foreign trade per head from 1874 to 1878 was $52.72. From 1879 to 1894 it had fallen to $45.25 per capita, a decrease of $5.47 under the national policy.

Sir Hibbert forgot to explain the whereabouts of the 850,000 immigrants his government fetched in at a cost of $4,000,000—which the census shows to have disappeared.

What has become of the 640,000,000 bushels of wheat the national policy was going to produce in the Northwest? There are still 600,000,000 bushels missing. What has become of the $68,000,000 the government was to receive from the sale of Northwest lands under the national policy? It has failed to materialize.

Out of power Sir Charles Tupper, sr., declared $21,000,000 ample to govern the country. In power the "gang" find $36,000,000 insufficient.

The increase from 20 to 30 per cent. in carpets under the new tariff was also judiciously avoided; also many other little items which we shall touch later.

WHERE THEY ARE CONSISTENT.

The orator of last evening had the usual charges of variability and indefiniteness to bring against Mr. Laurier and the Liberals. Perhaps the thought never struck Sir Hibbert that the Liberals have always declared, as they now declare, for freedom and extension of trade by whatever means lay at hand. He may have also actually forgotten that they strenuously objected to the policy of the government in bonusing certain lines of manufactures at the expense of the great body of the people. No man can truthfully say that the party has failed to make its opinions on these two points known to the country. The bitterness with which Sir Hibbert and his friends attack the Liberals no doubt arises from the galling thought that the Liberal views prevail with the people more and more as time goes on. They know the taxpayers are daily coming to a better appreciation of the fact that they are taxed not for revenue only, but for undue profits to the manufacturers. They see now more clearly than ever before that for every dollar they have to pay into the public treasury under the N. P. they have to hand out two dollars to the tariff beneficiaries. They know that the cotton combine could not pay themselves dividends of 100 per cent. out of legitimate profits and that other combines could not enrich themselves so suddenly if they were not allowed to fleece the consumer. Sir Hibbert and his friends always fight shy of this subject, which, by the way, was most forcibly brought home to them by Dalton McCarthy, once their ally and a strong supporter of the policy he now vigorously denounces. Perhaps that is why Sir Hibbert calls McCarthy a "back number."

When the minister was talking about variability and indefiniteness the time when Sir John Thompson promised to "lop off the mouldering branches" might have suggested itself to his mind. Everybody remembers the fiasco which followed. Minister Foster brought down his new schedule of duties, showing many reductions. Then the combines came down upon him, he found that there were several "clerical errors," and before the schedule went through the tariff was up to the old notch—in some instances a little higher. No doubt the minister of marine approved the new tariff as it was first proposed, and it is equally certain that he approved it in its final shape: if the combines had ventured to insist on a further hoist all round he would still have been complaisant. He and his colleagues are wonderfully consistent in the matter of pleasing the men who "whack up" for the campaign funds.

OUT OF PLACE

President Flumerfelt, of the board of trade, presided to-day at the conference between the board and Sir Hibbert Tupper. In closing the proceedings he expressed the hope that after the general election Sir Hibbert would remain in his present position and that Mr. Laurier would still be leader of the opposition. Mr. Flumerfelt's enthusiasm was at the expense of his discretion. As presiding officer of a board of trade meeting, which was attended by members of both political parties, he exceeded his duty when he gave a partizan complexion to his remarks. As plain Mr. Flumerfelt he may express any opinion he thinks proper, but as the presiding officer of an influential commercial body he cannot use his position to bolster up one political party without running the risk of seriously impairing his usefulness and endangering the success of the board.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

YACHTING.

AMERICA'S CUP.

New York, Dec. 10.—The America's cup committee, who have absolute power from the New York club to receive and act upon the letter and challenge sent by Lord Dunraven regarding a race next year for the America's cup, held a meeting to-day in the office of ex-Commodore James D. Smith, in Broad street, and after a consultation which lasted from noon until after four o'clock decided that they could not yield to all the points asked by Lord Dunraven in his communication, and to prevent further delay they cabled Lord Dunraven as follows:

"Dunraven, London: Can agree to no conditions as to holding of cup. If the challenger will sign a receipt for the cup as provided in the deed of 1887 we will accept the challenge. We must adhere to the ten months' notice from Dec. 6, but will advance the dates later if possible. Think best to leave all other unsettled questions until you arrive.

SMITH, Chairman."

Comodore Smith said there would be no meeting of the New York Yacht club, as the America's cup committee had full power to act and their decision was final in the matter. That some important points still remain unsettled is clearly shown by the cablegram that the committee sent to Lord Dunraven. The challenge as drafted by cable looked very much as though a match could easily be made, but the explanatory letter, sent by Lord Dunraven has cast a different light upon the subject. He takes exception to the remarks of the committee regarding the third clause of his challenge of 1892 and states plainly that it is hardly likely that a race will take place if the committee are unable to accept such a challenge. The principal point seems to be in regard to the wording of the third clause of the challenge of 1892, which reads as follows: "It is understood and agreed that should the cup come into the custody of the British Yacht club, it shall be held subject to challenge under precisely similar terms as those contained in this challenge. Provided, always, that such club shall not refuse any challenge according to the conditions of the deed laid down in 1887." The committee, in answering the above, were of the opinion that it was superfluous and in the nature of an addition to the deed.

Lord Dunraven did not take kindly to this reply, and in his explanatory letter dwelt at length on this clause, but the committee think it almost impossible for Lord Dunraven to withdraw his challenge on such a flimsy pretext as the conditions under which the cup shall be held if it is won. The outlook for a race was, in the opinion of several members of the committee, remarkably bright.

Use Gibbon's Tootache gum, sold druggists.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Cooley vs. Fitzstubbs Before the Divisional Court To-Day.

The divisional court, consisting of Justices Crease and McCreight, is sitting to-day.

Cooley vs. Fitzstubbs was the first case gone into, when an order of Mr. Justice Walkem adjourning the trial of the action was appealed from. Early in the spring, during the preliminary stages of the suit, the defendant applied to add certain parties as defendants, and Mr. Justice Walkem made an order accordingly, but limiting the time within which the parties should be added, and the defendant allowed the time to pass without doing anything further. Afterwards the plaintiffs took out a summons to strike out certain paragraphs of the statement of defence, and about the same time the defendant applied to add as parties defendant whomsoever the judge on evidence should think proper. The two applications came on together in May last before Mr. Justice Crease, who reserved judgment on the plaintiff's application and adjourned the defendant's until the other was decided. No decision being given for some time, the plaintiffs abandoned their application and gave notice of trial. Thereupon the defendant took out a summons to postpone the trial until their summons to add parties was heard and Mr. Justice Walkem made an order as asked. From this the plaintiffs now appeal, setting up that the defendant can keep back his application and so keep off the trial indefinitely. The hearing was enlarged in order that more information may be had. Charles Wilson, Q. C., for the appellant, and A. G. Smith, D. A. G., for the respondent.

ANOTHER PLEA.

To the Editor: Knowing your strict impartiality to air any just grievances of the citizens of Victoria, I venture to encroach upon your valuable space. It has been said that many of the signers of the petition to the city council re the removal of the women of ill-fame are not residents of the locality. Surely the superintendent of police must have been laboring under a misapprehension when he made that statement. Three out of the eleven signers of have since left their houses under notice to quit by the property owners, and each one signed the petition some time before their removal. The remaining eight are still residents and ratepayers on the street. We agree with the police that the lower portion of Chatham street is better adapted for these women than the centre of the town, but is it fair or just that I should be turned out at a few day's notice to make room for them without some compensation? The property owners will receive a much higher rent when these women take possession, and, of course, I cannot blame them for making the best of their property in these hard times. But they should be fair and just. Most of the residents, including myself, have got in a full supply of fuel stacked away for the winter, and it would cost considerable to move it. Also, in removing from one house to another there is always a lot of expense for new window blinds, carpets, etc., besides the risk of getting into a damp house at this time of the year. It has already been intimated that if we do not like to go we can stay where we are and let the women live either opposite or next door, but every right-thinking person knows that such a thing would be impossible. I and others certainly think that as the property owners get all the benefit of these changes in residence they should at least give us some recompense for our trouble, expenses, and inconvenience.

ERNEST WOLFF, Sen.

CONGRESS AND CURRENCY.

Carlisle Explains the Details of His Bill to the Banking Committee

Washington, Dec. 10.—Secretary Carlisle explained in detail his bill to the banking and currency committee this morning. Part of Carlisle's plan is: (1). To repeal all laws requiring or authorizing deposit of United States bonds as security for circulation. (2). To permit national banks to issue notes to an amount not exceeding 75 per cent. of their paid up and unimpaired capital, but requires each bank before receiving notes to deposit guarantee fund consisting of United States legal tender notes, including treasury notes of 90 to amount of 30 per cent. upon circulating notes applied for. This percentage deposit upon circulating notes outstanding to be maintained at all times, and whenever a bank retires its circulation in whole or in part, its guarantee fund is to be returned to it in proportion to amount of notes retired. In explanation, Carlisle said he believed provision law requiring deposit of United States bonds as security for circulation prevented elasticity of currency. Of the second suggestion, Carlisle said it guaranteed safety to depositors. One section of the plan exempts state banks from national tax attention under certain conditions. After some further remarks the committee took recess.

Ringing Noises

In the ear, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also result from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

FROM NOW TILL CHRISTMAS

PENNOCK & LOWE

WILL SELL

JEWELRY AT COST

IN REGULAR STOCK—Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Pins, Rings, Bracelets, Bangles, Etc.

IN FANCY GOODS—Opera Glasses, Purses, Etc., and hundreds of small articles in Silver imported specially for the Xmas trade.

PCK OUT WHAT YOU WANT, and we will keep it until you want it. All goods marked in plain figures. It is needless to tell you that this is a

CASH SALE.

63 Government St.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Insure your plate glass Mellor. •

—For prices plate glass see Mellor. •

—Gentlemen's fine shoes in lace or gaiter, $1.50. Marks, 8 Store street. •

—Two inches of snow is reported to have fallen at Summit, on the E. & N. railway, on Saturday.

—You can find nearly everything you want on our 25c. and 50c. crockery tables. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co. •

—Greater efforts will be made by the popular firm of Weller Bros. to meet the demands of Victorians for an extensive exhibition of Christmas gifts. •

—Success wins success. We were successful last year in meeting the demands of an appreciative public by supplying the best possible value in the way of seasonable presents. Try us again. Weller Bros. •

—All the members and friends of the Y. M. C. A. are cordially invited to attend the reception given by the Y. P. S. of C. E. of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church in the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

—The west coast wire is again down and it will be several days before it is repaired. The recent storm sent it down for miles. The road beyond Sooke is covered with fallen timber. The work of repairing the line is being pushed ahead with all possible speed.

—The International Customs Journal is now on file, and the tariffs of 103 countries have been received by the board of trade. The Journal notes all tariff changes, and has the recent American tariff act. The information should be very useful to business men.

—The members of Duncan lodge No. 17, I. O. O. F., will dedicate their new hall on Friday next, the 14th instant. A grand ball will be given to celebrate the event. All members of the I. O. O. F. wishing to attend will please leave their names with H. Waller, Douglas street.

—The dates for the public school examinations are as follows: Promotion examinations at all schools on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, 19th, 20th and 21st, and public examinations on Thursday, the 20th inst., at Spring Ridge and South park, on Thursday afternoon at Victoria West and North ward, and on Friday morning, the 21st inst., at the girls' and boys' Central school, and in the afternoon at the High school.

—Jenny Chickens, who perhaps has spent more time in the provincial jail than any other native of the province, with the exception of her respected husband, Jimmy, was one of the happiest creatures in the city to-day. One of her tribesmen had explained to her that one of the hyas tyees from Ottawa had justified the action of himself and tillicums in releasing from the skookum house all prisoners with whom prison air does not agree. "Kahta mika tum-tum, Jenny?" asked one of her friends. "Hyas kloshe. Hiyu potlatch, halo mitlite skookum house, sick tum-tum." For the benefit of the uninitiated it might be explained that Jenny had interpreted Sir Hibbert Tupper's speech to mean that she could get gloriously drunk without danger of being locked up, as she is suffering from old age, alcoholism and other fatal diseases for which any medicine man will give her a certificate.

—The school board will meet at the city hall to-morrow evening.

—Curling tongs and hair brushes at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson. •

—Strong cottonade pants, spring bottom, 75c. Marks, 8 Store street. •

—Razors in cases and shaving sets suitable for presents at Fox's. •

—Reduced rates only last till December 31st. Dr. A. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. •

—The steamer Mexico will be here on Thursday afternoon on her way north to Alaska.

—The mountings for one of the big guns to be placed in the Esquimalt fortifications have been received over the C. P. R.

—The young ladies of St. John's church desire to return their sincere thanks to all who assisted them in their fancy fair last week.

—"We are the people" to buy down quilts from. Have a look at them and you will say so. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Company. •

—Nowhere in the city can you find such values as we offer in blankets, comforters and bedspreads. J. Partridge, 86 Yates street. •

—Court Northern Light, 5935, will meet on Thursday night, when officers for the ensuing year will be nominated and a number of members elected.

—Don't fall over coats, but see our fall overcoats. Our prices, $8, $10, $12, $14, $16, $18; all colors, brown, blue, grey, black, tan. Cameron, the Cash Clothier's, 55 Johnson street. •

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers. •

—The Times acknowledges the receipt of two new songs from M. W. Waitt & Co. One is a sacred song by Lawrence Summerville, entitled "Thy Will Be Done." The other is called "Faithful Sir John," and was writen in honor of the late Conservative leader. The words are by M. P. Card and the music by F. W. Deane.

—There will be a first-class entertainment at Semple's hall, Victoria West, on Saturday evening. The first half of the programme will include thirteen musical and literary numbers. It is an unlucky number, but meritorious here. The concert will conclude with a very amusing farce called "An Awful Toothache." Victoria West has some very good musical talent, and this entertainment will no doubt be a very interesting one.

—It is understood that the survey parties sent into the Kootenay countries this year by both the Dominion and Provincial governments were greatly hampered by the smoke. There were many fires in the district and the smoke hung over the mountains and filled the valleys for weeks and weeks. It made it very hard for the photographic work and many times interfered seriously with the work of the surveyors, for there were spells when they could not see 200 yards ahead of them. There was a lively snow storm on September 1, five inches falling before 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

—Great interest is being manifested in the entertainment to be given by the ladies of the Central Presbyterian church, James Bay, this evening, when W. H. Wheeler, of Vancouver, will give an exhibition of ventriloquism, and in addition to which a musical programme will be provided by the following ladies and gentlemen: Mrs. Schwengers, Mrs. McGraw, Miss Edith Wilson, Miss Leech, and Messrs. Booth, Laundy and Wallis. During the intermission refreshments will be served by the ladies, and at the close of the entertainment any articles remaining unsold during the sale in the afternoon will be put up at auction and sold to the highest bidders.

—"Proportional representation," of which so much is heard nowadays, and which is ardently advocated by advanced reformers, is to most people an unknown quantity. There will be an opportunity at to-morrow evening's meeting of the Single Tax club to see it exemplified in the election of officers; and although it necessarily will only be on a limited scale, everybody present will be able to get an idea of the advantage of such a mode of voting over the present style of elections, which nearly always secures party rule, to the entire disfranchisement of strong minority parties, and even in some cases of the majority. The meeting is held in the Salmon block, corner of Government and Yates streets, and is open to the public.

—The Victoria and Vancouver Island Council of Women held a meeting yesterday with nineteen societies affiliated. Some routine business was disposed of and then the question of lessening the duty on opium was brought up. After a full discussion it was decided to petition the Dominion government to make opium as difficult to procure as possible, and to accomplish that to request that the duty be increased rather than reduced. The provisional officers were re-elected for a year. It was agreed to hold public meetings quarterly and executive meetings monthly. There will be a public meeting on January 19th, when the president of each affiliating society will read a paper on the aims and objects of her society. The opium petition will be ready for signatures by the presidents of the affiliating societies on Wednesday at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A.

—Ladies' companions and scissors cases at Fox's.

—American hip boots, pure gum, $4. Marks, 8 Store street. •

—The Sons of Erin hold their regular meeting to-morrow night.

—Strong tweed working pants, $1.25, at Marks', 8 Store street. •

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. •

—J. Johnston, commission stationery agent, Kirk block, Douglas street. •

—We have the best men's dollar shoe in British Columbia. Marks, 8 Store street. •

—The special train over the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway carrying Sir C. H. Tupper, left for Nanaimo at two o'clock.

—Profits dispensed with on monuments and cemetery work at A. Stewart's, cor. Yates and Blanchard streets. See stock and designs. •

—A meeting of the city council will be held to-night. There are many communications. The meeting promises to be a long one.

—Early this morning a fire occurred in the direction of the Saanich road. A farm house in that vicinity is reported to have burned down.

—The steamship Mexico will be here to-morrow afternoon on the way to Alaska. She will receive a considerable amount of freight, and a number of passengers will board her here.

—Any person wishing to know whether his or her name is on the municipal voters' list may ascertain that fact by calling at the city clerk's office at any time on or before Friday next, the 14th inst., between 9 a. m. and 4 p.m.

—Samuel Davis was convicted in the police court this morning of supplying liquor to an Indian woman Annie and fined $50. If he fails to pay his fine he will go to jail for two months with hard labor. Annie was fined $25 for having the liquor in her possession.

—The government building contract still remains shut down and nothing definite has yet been settled about the matter. The men employed by Contractor Adams were waiting around the office of the contractor this afternoon for their pay; they looked very gloomy and had little hopes that work would be resumed soon.

—A delegation of sealers made up of Richard Hall, Wm. Munsie, George Byrnes and A. L. Belyea, solicitor, had a farewell interview with Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper this afternoon. He informed them that he believed there would be no trouble about the payment of $425,000 by the United States government, despite reports to the contrary. There was a little general talk on sealing matters and the interview was over.

—The Empress of China sailed for the Orient late last night. It was too rough to go alongside of her off the San Pedro, and she went round to Esquimalt, where the tender Sadie boarded her. A number of Chinese passengers took the ship here and she had altogether a good list of passengers and a full cargo of reight. The trip from Vancouver was a rather rough one, the Gulf of Georgia resembling the ocean more than an inland body of water.

—The very valuable collection of high class jewelry to be sold at auction to-morrow (Wednesday) and Thursday at 2 p.m., will be on view on morning of sale to the public. Very neat pocket sized catalogues may now be had free from the auctioneers, H. Cuthbert & Co. Those in search of beautiful and genuine gems for Christmas presents should attend this sale as every article must be sold and will be strictly guaranteed as to quality. •

—At the inquest held by Coroner Pittendrigh on the remains of the Indian Boothroyd, who was murdered at Keefer's ten days ago by Ah Gung, it developed in the evidence heard that the murder was a wilful one. The Indian came and stood by the side of the Chinaman's sluice and the latter said that he had thrown some dirt into it. Before the poor fellow could answer the Chinaman struck him over the head with a shovel. The jury returned a verdict of wilful murder, but the murderer is perhaps beyond capture by this time.

—To-morrow evening Philharmonic hall will be occupied by the James Bay Athletic association and their numerous friends, and the concert which is being given for the purpose of presenting the club in the near future with a new four-oared shell, with which they can compete against all comers, will no doubt be well patronized. The sale of tickets has been very large, and as the programme, published in the Times yesterday, is a most excellent one, those who attend will undoubtedly have an enjoyable evening. His Honor Lieut.-Governor Dewdney and Mrs. Dewdney will be present. The performance commences at 8 sharp.

½

Just half, that's what you save by purchasing your toys and Xmas gifts at Russell and McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglass street. If

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skeoe Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

IT CAN'T BE DONE!

But I Say IT IS DONE

Where? AT C. E. REDFERN'S, Government Street

He is selling English Sterling Silverware cheaper than it can be bought at the co-operative stores. He has just received an immense consignment fresh from the factory. It's the loveliest and freshest lot of goods that have ever been seen in this province in that line.

Go and see for yourself; but make haste, or it will all be gone.

The Goodbuyer Family

Have all come to the conclusion that during these hard times all Christmas gifts bought must be of the sensible and substantial order. They are all coming to us for SMOKING JACKETS—very neat—trimmed with Silk cord. NECKTIES—the latest styles and shades. FANCY SUSPENDERS.
No store in town can come up to us as sellers of MENS' AND BOYS' OVERCOATS.

W. J. JEFFREE,

The Golden Rule Clothing Store, Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

LENZ & LEISER,

Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

and carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; We are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.

R. KENNY.

formerly manager for McLennan & McFeeley, has opened a General House Furnishing Store at 74 Yates street, under the name of R. Kenny & Co. Owing to Mr. Kenny's long experience in this line of business, customers giving him a call will find his stock all new and well selected. The firm are also agents for hard or Anthracite Coal.

DRINK TAMILKANDE TEA : :

Far and wide its fame is spreading
Over village, over city;
Household word from broad Atlantic,
Unto shores of vast Pacific."

THE PEOPLE'S TEA.
IN LEAD PACKAGES.
TAMILKANDE.

SIMON LEISER & CO., Agents.

THE CHINESE TROUBLE.

How a Witness Destroyed a False Pretense Fan Tan Case.

The charge of obtaining money under false pretenses against Lee Heng Yum, the alleged collector of tribute for the Hong society, was dismissed in the police court this morning upon the evidence of Chan Sue Lang, the prosecuting witness himself. Under cross examination by Lindley Crease for the defence he admitted that Yum did not fool him at all, as he knew all the time he was not a license collector. That of course ended any false pretense in the case and a dismissal was granted. The court room was simply crowded with Chinese during the hearing, and considerable loud talk was indulged in outside after the case was concluded. The friends of Lang say that he only wanted to appear when he said he was not fooled by Yum. There have been few Chinese cases ever called in court here in which the Chinese colony has taken such an interest.

There were several fan tan cases called this morning, having been remanded, but could not be taken up, so a further adjournment was ordered until to-morrow.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES, AUCTIONEER.

Office, Room 7, Board of Trade Building.

Friday, December 14th, 1894, at 11 o'clock a.m.

I am instructed by R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., to sell by public auction on the premises, adjoining the Board of Trade Building,

TO CLOSE BALANCES.

— cs. Ind Coope Ale, pints and quarts; — cs. Ind. Coope Bitter Beer, pints and quarts; 19 cs. Bandon Cognac; — cs. Cider; powdered sugar, plums, prunes, plums, honey, jellies, Rountree's chocolate, arrowroot, [illegible], chewing gum, Vanity Fair Cigarettes; 300 pairs blankets; 1 octave Port sample of 4; 1 octave Sherry sample of 5.

By order Hudson's Bay Co.—150 cases green peas, green gages, plums, cherries, in 2 doz. 2 and 3 lb. tins.

Account of whom it may concern.—10 case sample of 65 cs. Mitchell's Irish Whiskey; 18 cases Tennant's Stout, each 6 doz. pints.

By order of Pither & Leiser, To close consignment.— Cs. Bass' Ale, pints and quarts; — cs. Champagne.

NOTICE—All goods offered will be sold without reserve. Terms at sale.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

PERSONAL.

J. D. Conway, Chemainus, is a guest at the Orient.

D. R. Kimmond, Vancouver, is registered at the Driard.

H. B. Walkem, Nanaimo, is a guest at the New England.

Dr. J. S. Helmcken, who has been quite ill, is improving.

Jno. H. Brennan, of St. Paul, is in the city en route to China.

D. R. Irving is back from a trip to Kootenay with the Drewry survey party.

Wm. Howe and wife leave in the morning for Liverpool via the C. P. R. and Anchor line.

J. R. Dunlap left this morning for Fort Wayne, Ind. He makes the trip east over the C. P. R.

J. Robertson starts to-morrow on a journey to Liverpool. He goes via the C. P. R. and Allan line.

John Farquhar leaves in the morning for Glasgow. He will journey via the C. P. R. and Anchor line.

Wm. Brown, assistant general freight agent of the C. P. R., and Geo. McL. Brown, district passenger agent of the same line at Vancouver, are in the city.

SIR HIBBERT'S APOLOGY.

An Exceedingly Lame Defence of the Victoria Postoffice Outrage.

Why McGreevy and Connolly Were Released From Jail.

In marked contrast to the magnificent assemblage that greeted Mr. Laurier so enthusiastically, was the meeting at the theatre last night, when Sir C. H. Tupper met the public of Victoria. Although the meeting was announced to commence at 8 o'clock sharp, it was somewhat past that time when the proceedings commenced, and with the rise of the curtain was made the announcement of "$29.10 a month."

Sir Charles' temper was sorely tried several times by "busy Grits," who would insist upon asking strongly pointed questions, and notwithstanding the fact that the party leaders carefully disposed their more ardent henchmen throughout the audience so as to work up the proper spirit at the proper time, the enthusiasm flagged visibly.

Col. E. G. Prior, M.P., occupied the position of chairman of the meeting, and associated with him on the platform were a number of gentlemen identified with the party. In introducing the speaker of the evening, he explained that it had been called under the auspices of the Liberal Conservative association, and supplemented the remark that in Victoria the duties of a chairman of a public meeting were always light. About a year ago the people of this city had received a visit from Hon. Mr. Foster, and it was not long ago that they also had received a visit from the Hon. Mr. Laurier (great cheering, which was renewed again and again), a gentleman who is known far and wide as the silver-tongued orator, and a gentleman one cannot meet without being favorably impressed. (Hear, hear.) They had with them to-night the minister of marine and fisheries, Sir Charles H. Tupper, to whose youth and ability the chairman paid a warm tribute, and asked for a careful and patient hearing for him.

Sir Charles H. Tupper, on coming forward, was greeted with warm applause, and commenced his remarks with an expression of gratitude for the generally cordial expression he said he had met with throughout the province, and in Victoria in particular, on this his first visit to British Columbia, and which was only a repetition of the treatment that had been customarily extended to people from the east coming to visit the west, or for that matter from any part of the Queen's dominions. In this connection he paid a warm tribute to British Columbia, which he compared in some respects to his own native province of Nova Scotia, of which province there were, he was glad to hear, so many natives in this part of the Dominion.

Coming at once to political matters, he said that some people stated we are on the eve of a general election, and that politicians such as he were anxious to make their best bow and tell their tale to the people as well as they possibly could. He might not have the entire confidence of the government, but at any rate made a simple confession, if he were permitted, that he did not know whether an election is to take place, or when; that the matter had not yet been discussed at any meeting of the cabinet at Ottawa, but that this matter was settled by those who did not advise the governor-general in these questions, and that moreover the time had been fixed for some time in February. At any rate he might say that the Liberal Conservatives on the Atlantic are not in the slightest degree disturbed as to when the date of the elections may be. He came to this province with no idea of making a vote, and he hoped that he could leave it without having lost a vote that would otherwise be given to the Liberal Conservative party; he came to this province at this season of the year because he thought it was his duty, and was more than gratified by the welcome to which he had already alluded. He also had great pleasure in receiving assistance in looking over those questions which must be settled, and remarked that it would be a sorry time either for the Liberal Conservative party or for that matter for the province of British Columbia, and the spirit of British fair play in this part of the Dominion if the government that is now led by Sir John Thompson could not obtain at least a respectful hearing. It was with certain fears that he entered upon the discussion; fear that upon certain points he could not do them adequate justice. Mr. Laurier was received with open arms in this country (cheers). It was due to him (repeated cheers) and due to the position he holds; he has charms of many kinds, and he holds a position which at all times should win for him courtesy and kindly treatment. Sir Charles sneeringly remarked that he believed it was only right the people treated Mr. Laurier as they did in that position still (cheers and interruptions), and in this connection made reference to what he called Mr. Laurier's checkered political career as one in which he, Sir Charles, thought sympathy should be extended to him (not much). The speaker then went on to claim that Mr. Laurier had advocated a policy at last general election, the policy of continental free trade, but of which he had not a word to say during his tour in the west; but Mr. Laurier, he said, always had some new term on the eve of a general election, and this time, after he had left Victoria. Sir Charles was given to understand that Mr. Laurier's followers did not know what Mr. Laurier meant (no, no, that's not true). In this connection he claimed that the Liberals had no policy, but that good or bad the Conservative policy had been hanging up there for years, so that he who runs may read, while that of the Liberals was always changing from one thing to another. Mr. Laurier had told them that free trade was the ideal policy (hear, hear) and that that was the goal of the Liberal party (renewed cheering). No man on the eastern coast could read that riddle, and no man in the eastern provinces could tell him what the tariff will be if the Liberals are returned at the next general election. What is tariff for revenue alone? ("Not boodle," came the prompt reply from the centre of the building, a rejoinder that was greeted with continued cheering.)

Not boodle, snapped back Sir Charles. Now are we going to discuss trade or boodle? I can discuss both, and will have something to say to that later on; but let us stick to one subject; don't let us funk the fight; give me a fair and square hearing, and if you interrupt, let it be in the proper manner.

The distasteful subject was dropped, and the speaker went on to say that he was not there to defend every item of the tariff, but was there as a member of the government to which he belonged to defend as a whole the tariff of that government, which he was ready to justify at any cost. Their friends, the Liberals, were depending upon a technicality. They say that it is not fair to ask an opponent to reveal his trade policy, but the speaker held that as the Liberal party had taken a stand upon all other questions, it was only right to expect that they would do so on this. He also endeavored to show from reading extracts only of speeches of the Liberal leaders at some of the elections, that they themselves did not expect to get free trade, and that they were in reality protectionists of necessity, and stated that to-day the Liberal party were going into the fight more destitute of material and ammunition than ever before. He might be over-confident, but would make a prediction and that would be that the result would be the same as at the last election ("not much, don't you fret." Laughter). Now a gentleman in the audience had said something about boodle; that was an offensive term. (Laughter.) At some of the eighty speeches of Mr. Laurier in the west he had given it out that protection is the mother of corruption. (A voice: "Give us your policy," to which Sir Charles replied that his policy was written on the wall and that he stood or fell by it.) However, Mr. Laurier, after getting the reputation of being a fair-minded man, struck the fiercest blows, straight below the belt, as Sir Charles thought, at the honor and character of his opponents ("no") who were thousands of miles away from him. He would be glad to know that it was not so.

There was a strong sign of dissent here, and Sir Charles had again to throw himself on the fairness of the meeting for a patient hearing, a process he had to adopt throughout his speech when he made any direct reflection on the Liberal leader.

Time, he continued, would not permit him to go into every subject of boodle, scandal ("no, it would take you all night") or slander, slander, the vilest whelp, but in a portion of these charges, he would ask the audience to follow the subject and draw their own conclusions, not from the arguments that he would put forward, but from the facts given either in support or refutation of them. Now Mr. Laurier had made the very serious charge in this city, a charge which affected the honor of every member of the government at Ottawa, and if there was any truth in one of those charges to which the speaker was about to refer, the people of Canada would not be men worthy of citizenship if they did not rise en masse and hurl the Liberal Conservatives from power. (Cheers from the Conservatives, and Liberal cries of "we will.") It was charged that the attorney-general of Canada has for political reasons recommended the release of two prisoners from jail. Sir Charles would say that the man who for political reasons would release convicted convicts, he would not stop at that. There could not be a fouler blot on justice than was convey dein the charge that McGreevy and Connolly were released from jail for political reasons. If such a charge were made in England there would be a demand for the papers relating to the subject, and the minister interested would be put to a severe test in the debate which would ensue. For his own part he put in a plea of not guilty to this high crime and misdemeanor. He might say that down to this date there had been no demand for any such papers as would challenge such a debate. What were the facts, however? It was held in the first instance that the prosecution was a farce; that McGreevy and Connolly held secrets that would ruin the government. But one of the ablest counsel of the Reform party of Ontario was retained as counsel, who was given carte blanche to prosecute these prisoners. Mr. Laurier had stated that had it not been that the prosecution was in charge of Sir Oliver Mowat there would never have been a conviction. Now, Sir Charles said, Sir Oliver was never consulted in reference to the prosecution, and he never asked or enquired into it in the slightest degree, but that instead, he retained Mr. Kerr to assist Mr. Osler, and Mr. Kerr was allowed to use the name of the attorney-general of Ontario in the proceedings, as was necessary. But the officers of the Dominion government ferretted out the evidence, and the chief of the Dominion police was the active man in giving the instructions to the prosecution. What were the facts relating to the release of these men? They were such that if presented under similar circumstances to the home secretary in England, he would have been compelled to follow the same course that Sir John Thompson did in advising the release of these prisoners (laughter); but if Sir John had been seeking personal honor for the government, it might have been expedient for him not to have advised the release of the prisoners (renewed laughter); but the Conservative party was strong enough to do right (more laughter). Sir Charles said he did not understand the cause of this laughter, but he would say that Sir John recommended just the course that all the precedents established; just the course that the home secretary would have recommended, and that is the release of these men (more laughter). Someone laughs, retorted Sir Charles, but let me read the certificate on which Sir John Thompson made his recommendation, and perhaps the laugh will be on the other side.

Accordingly Sir Charles proceeded to read the certificate of the prison physician, Dr. C. R. Church. The certificate set out that during five or six weeks the doctor in his capacity as jail surgeon had been in attendance on McGreevy and Connolly, and stating that each prisoner is in the most miserable condition of health. (Derisive laughter.) That's funny to you: it was not funny to Connolly and McGreevy, Sir Charles remarked half angrily, "but perhaps the next sentence will not be laughed at. Connolly is suffering from kidney trouble of an aggravated form." (More laughter.) "McGreevy is suffering from an inflammation of the ear. (More laughter.) I consider that further confinement in either case would be placing life in jeojardy, and that their release from imprisonment is the only means of averting disaster." (Great laughter.)

"I am glad," said the speaker shortly, "that the climate out here enables you to laugh at such forms of disease."

The reading of the doleful tidings of the state of the prisoners' health conveyed in the second certificate caused as much amusement as the first one, especially when it pressed more strongly the point that the physician believed "that the release of the prisoners was the only means of effectually restoring their health, and winding up with the statement "I would strongly urge their release." (Great laughter). From these circumstances, Sir Charles said, it became the duty of the minister of justice to recommend the release of the men. From the reception which the reading of these certificates was given it would appear as though some persons in the audience looked upon them as flimsy (interruption), if that were so, what did they think of their leaders in parliament who did not think enough about asking for the papers on the subject. This laughter reminded him of the famous Lord Norbury, the hanging judge of Ireland, who was only known to weep once, and that was when in the theatre a reprieve came in time to save a man from death, so it was with the extraordinary reception which these certificates of a deplorable state of health had received (derisive laughter). If these certificates are a pretence, are they a pretence on the part of the government alone?—they must throw the blame also on these gentlemen who had recommended the release. ("All the same.")

Proceeding again to the subject of free trade as discussed by the Liberal leaders, Sir Charles was asked how he liked $29.10 a month. He took it, however, that the Liberals must recognize that the trade policy of their party was a little weak these days. (Postoffice.) "We will come to that a little later on," replied the minister, a promise he conveniently tried to forget until reminded of it by Mr. J. K. Wilson at the end of his speech.

In connection with this general charge of corruption, Mr. Laurier said in this city: "What can you expect; the policy of protection breeds corruption? (Hear, hear and cheers.)

"My friends here applaud that," said Sir Charles. (Laughter.) Mr. Laurier's visit was a capital idea if he has secured admirers." (Great cheering.) Sir Charles proceeded to show what he called the inconsistencies of the Liberal leaders, Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Laurier, both of whom he said had advocated protection. Then there is the great Sir Richard Cartwright (cheers) who is the man who could put Mr. Laurier in the shade in the discussion of trade questions. He is the man who charges protection as being another means for robbery and crime (cheers); but even Sir Richard, the speaker said, had changed his opinion. He is another free trade theorist. (No, he's not; he's a tariff reformer.) When it came to criminals, Sir Charles was a pretty strong party man, but would say that when you size them up, the criminals are about equally divided on both sides, and in this connection ventured an illustration of the late Mr. Mercier, a reference which was greeted with hisses, and remarks of "he's dead now," which caused Sir Charles to branch away from that subject after a brief comparison to the regime of the dead premier of Quebec.

Sir Charles then went into a long defence of the workings of the national policy during its sixteen years of existence, comparing them with the Liberal regime from 1874 to 1878, and stated that the results were such as to justify all that was said in support of the Conservative policy, in the matter of establishing railroads, steamship lines, canals and other public works, and finally placing Canada's financial credit equal to the great nations of the world, all of which he claimed was a monument to the ability of the Conservative party.

Sir Charles also accused the Liberals of having condemned the government for having wasted in the far west money that should have been spent in the eastern provinces. (A Voice—What did they spend it on?) They had also referred to this province with Nova Scotia as the shreds and patches which saved the government, while the great provinces of Ontario and Quebec went against. He also claimed credit for the Conservative party for having put down race prejudices, and expressed the feeling that they were strong enough to stamp it out altogether.

A Voice—Tell us something about the post office; the boys want to go home.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 21.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND (Read Up): No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 3 Passenger Saturday	Miles from Wellington	STATIONS	Miles from Victoria	NORTH BOUND (Read Down): No. 4 Passenger Saturday	No. 2 Passenger Daily
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	VICTORIA	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	RUSSELL'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SUMMIT SIDING	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	KOKSILAH	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SOMENOS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	OYSTER BAY SID'G	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	NANAIMO	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	WELLINGTON	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncan's or Nanaimo Stations.

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H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

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TIME TABLE NO. 24,

Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

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TO THE EAST.

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UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS to Boston, Montreal, Toronto and St. Paul without change.

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STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

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Leave Victoria .... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdes Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

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—RUNS—

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Elegant Dining Cars,
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THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

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SPEED	Victoria Route.		TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."		1347
8 30 pm Lv	MI	[illegible] Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm Lv	38	[illegible] Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am Lv	82	28 Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am Ar	110	[illegible] Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

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Which Sir Charles evaded answering by saying that when the Liberals were in power the people had no post office to refer to. ("Question.") Sir Charles proceeded with Mr. Laurier's remarks on retrenchment, and endeavored to show that if Mr. Laurier carried out all the public works he was pledged to he would rather have to get more money than less from somewhere. It was not a question of retrenchment; it was a question of getting more instead of less, and therefore he held that the position of the Liberal leader was an unsatisfactory and illogical one. Another piece of credit which Sir Charles took was the voting of money for public works in this province, which was done, he claimed, altogether through the instrumentality of the Conservative party. He did not claim that they had done more than their duty; on the contrary, he felt that perhaps they had not done their duty in everything. (Laughter and interruptions.) Going back to Hon. Mr. Laurier's trade policy, the speaker said that it was too indefinite for anything. Being asked what he thought of Dalton McCarthy, Sir Charles said he was a back number; and proceeded to give figures of the relative taxation, revenue and expenditure of 1875 and 1894, with a view to showing that the taxation had not increased materially per capita during the Conservative regime; and he submitted a similar comparison in the customs duties, claiming at the same time that all along the government had consistently reduced the tariff where it was possible to do so, and that the only way to build up a nation here was by protecting the infant industries. It had been done by every other country that had become a nation. Sir Charles concluded by warmly praising this section of the Dominion, which he now visited for the first time, and exhorted his hearers to stand firmly by the men whose efforts had been to build up and make a nation of Canada.

Sir Charles here closed his speech, and the delegates adroitly placed throughout the meeting gave the signal for the closing applause, while Premier Davie waved to cap the thing by moving a "hearty vote of thanks to Sir Charles," but Sir Charles was not to be let off so easily; he had forgotten the post office question, which had been so frequently and forcibly brought to his notice.

Ald. Wilson said—I would like, Mr. Chairman, to call the attention of the Commissioner of Marine and Fisheries to a public meeting that was called in this city last month on the post office question. (Great cheering, which was renewed again and again.) Mr. Chairman, might I direct the hon. gentleman's attention to the fact that at a mass meeting, at which there were present all the leading citizens of Victoria of all parties; not only the Conservative party, but the Liberal party, and the discussion of that question resolved itself into a resolution demanding the reinstatement of the post office employes, who had left on account of what they considered a serious grievance, and which, Mr. Chairman, every citizen of this city believed with them that they had a serious grievance; namely, that they should be deprived of the money justly due them and which was voted for them. Why did these post office officials not get the money that was voted for them? (Great cheering.) The other question relates to the department of which he is the head. He has told us to-night of large subsidies being given to steamships. I would like to ask why these steamships of which they talk are allowed to pass by this city, only anchoring outside the wharf, and not coming in here, as they should by right? (More general cheering from all sections of the house.) Another question is more directly in connection with the hon. gentleman's department, and that is why the large steamer, the San Pedro, is allowed to lie outside the harbor, giving every one that passes by an advertisement that the entrance to our harbor is rocky and dangerous. I would ask why there is not a light on that place and why that steamer—I refer to the San Pedro—is allowed to remain there? (Cheers.)

Sir Charles Tupper—I have a pretty fair memory, and I think there were three questions, but I am afraid there was also some argument attached to the questions. ("Speak up.") As I understand my interrogator, he wants to know why the post office officials did not get certain money that was voted for them, and that question is based, so far as my knowledge goes, incorrectly. I say that no money has been voted to the post office officials in Victoria that has not been paid to them. (Hisses.) If any gentleman is anxious to answer this question for me I shall be happy to give him room. Salaries are fixed for the officials in the post office as well as the other officials in the offices of the government, and a certain amount of money has been placed at the disposal, not of the officers of the post office department, but of the government of Canada. A claim was made by others than the post office officials in Victoria as having a right to share in that provisional allowance. While that subject was under discussion the post office clerks who claimed they had a right to that provisional allowance went out on strike 'No, no): they refused to do their duty. I am answering this question to the best of my ability; they went on strike, they deserted their post. (Had to.) Never mind whether they had to or not; for that they were punished; (renewed hisses); for neglect of duty (Russia), we are are not in Russia, thank God we are in Canada. (Cries of Russia and hisses.) And as long as I am a member of the Canadian government I will punish that neglect of duty in Victoria, Halifax or St. John, or any other city in Canada; and, when in order to avoid hisses, and when the popular government is not able to enforce discipline the government will be glad to give their seats to other men. I say that the men were punished for breach of discipline (hisses), for neglect of duty, just as other men in the service must expect if they take the law in their own hands in that way. I may say this in reference to the postmaster-general, that had these men remained at their posts he had reached the conclusion that they should be paid from the first of July last, when the money was placed at the disposal of the government, and for this very purpose was about to give an order for the payment of the money, but having been absent (derisive laughter and cries of "rats.") If you don't wish to hear me I have no wish to continue. I was in Ottawa when this decision was about to be carried out. The conclusion was first to dismiss the men absolutely and not take them back (hisses); that was my own opinion (renewed hisses) of what our duty as a government required, but after discussion, when it was brought to the notice of myself and my colleagues that there were special circumstances here, and in view of the extraordinary exhibition of sympathy on the part of the community and the disturbance in the business of the community, it was decided not to dismiss these men, but to pay those who had not gone on strike the allowance from the first of July, and to take the strikers back and give them the allowance from the first of December. When I reached Victoria I discussed this subject with Col. Prior and Mr. Earle, and I need not tell you how fully they share in the feelings of this part of the country on that subject. I need not tell you that they had pressed in the strongest possible manner the claims of the parties concerned.

Sir Charles concluded by promising this matter his attention when he returned, and in the meantime asked the people to withhold their judgment on the question till he reached home and had time to communicate to them the views of the premier, before whom the question would be laid on his return from England, all of which would be done before a general election. (Derisive laughter and Conservative cheers.)

With regard to the other question, about the stopping of the C. P. R. steamers here, Sir Charles practically said his department had nothing to do with the question; they left it to the steamship company to settle, the only condition imposed on the company being that their port on this side should be a Canadian port.

As to the San Pedro, the department were waiting until the private parties concerned had abandoned all hope of saving the vessel, after which the department would place an electric light on that rock.

The meeting then adjourned with the customary votes of thanks to the speaker and chairman.

AN EPIDEMIC OF PROSPERITY.

To the Editor:—Sir Hibbert appears to be dazzled by the prosperity which confronts him at every turn. The country is simply bursting with prosperity. If it were otherwise Foster could not have borrowed $12,000,000 from decrepit, Free Trade England. But surely it is bad taste to boast of this loan of $12,000,000 at 107 2-6 negotiated in the midst of all this prosperity, when the United States last year at the very worst stage of a crisis got £101 0 0 for a three per cent loan of $50,000,000, and Cape Colony can get, during hard times, £103 13s. There is lots of prosperity about the public works department. It is, in fact, epidemic; but it is cornered by the gang. There was the Connolly McGreevy prosperity, $700,000; the Tay Canal—a ditch benefiting the property of John Haggart, minister of railways and canals—estimated cost, $182,000; actual cost, $476,128; annual expenditure, $2,000, revenue, $135. This is an evidence of prosperity is it? Another sign of prosperity may be seen in the Little Rapids Lock, estimated cost, $44,000; actual cost, $300,000, and some outstanding claims unsettled amounting to $80,000 more, no traffic, no receipts. A still greater sign of prosperity may be seen in the Galops Rapids Channel; cost, $568,000; no traffic, no receipts, and an action pending involving $150,000 claimed by Gilbert Bros., of Montreal. Why if this sort of prosperity is desirable there is a perfect epidemic of it. Sheik's Island Dam, Cornwall Canal—original contract cancelled and another given without tenders being asked. Prosperity to the "gang" $125,000. Another piece of prosperity is the St. Charles branch of the Intercolonial Ry., fourteen miles in length; estimated cost between $130,000 and $140,000, actual cost $1,750,000 and some claims still unpaid. There's prosperity for you! The Hard Pan steal—robbery of the worst kind—$272,000. About half of this prosperity went into Picton county. Mr. Schreiber reported against the claims, but the "boodlers" becoming impatient something had to be done, and Judge Burbridge was appointed arbitrator and instructed to find for the claimants. This cunning device misled the people, who thought Judge Burbidge was acting as judge of the exchequer court, when he was only acting as an arbitrator. Then we have Curran bridge prosperity, estimated cost, $122,000; government commissioner's estimate, $100,000; actual cost, $450,325—a steal of $270,000. The gentleman who succeeded to this piece of prosperity is Mr. St. Louis, a relative of the minister of public works, John Alderic Ouimet, who has been touring the provinces with Sir Hibbert promising prosperity right and left—for votes. There are many instances of a similar character which have been highly prosperous—to the government. You talk of Tammany Hall, why bless you Tammany under Tweed was but a glimmering rushlight to this dazzling prosperity.

Upon these details Sir Hibbert was as dumb as an oyster.

CHARLES CHARIZ.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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No preparation of infant food has ever been so well and thoroughly tested in public institutions as the Lactated Food.

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"I have used Lactated Food for the sick poor infants of the —— Charities, as well as in the Children's Home and Day Nursery.

"To sum up the results: Our matron says the Lactated Food is the best food she has used thus far; and when one has daily thirty infants or more to feed it is quite a relief to find a good food.

"We have given it to children three days old and upwards, and find it not only acceptable to such young infants, but entirely free from the objections commonly met with, such as vomiting, diarrhoea, etc."

Stomach Ache.

We all know what it is; we acquired a perfect knowledge of the "Pet" in our youth, after a raid on things we were expressly forbidden to touch. Our mother gave us Perry Davis' PAIN KILLER then, and, strange to say, no other remedy has been discovered to this day to equal it. Old popular price, 25c. for Big New Bottle.

THINKING

Comes hard to some people; especially in these stringent times when $'s are so hard to get. It behooves every person to study values and prices before investing. For instance when buying clothing (the kind that fits) let them see what a Suit can be made for $20 or a pair of Pants for $5.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA MILLING AND MINING COMPANY, (LIMITED).
Assessment No. 25.

Notice is hereby given that an assessment of one cent per share has been levied upon the members of the above named company, payable at the company's office, No. 48 Langley street, Victoria, B.C., on or before the 31st day of December, 1894, from and after which date all shares on which said call shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent, to be dealt with according to law. By order of the Board of Directors. Victoria, 1st December, 1894.

d4td GEO. A. SARGISON, Sec'y.

Don't Wait till Sickness Comes before Buying a Bottle of PERRY DAVIS' **PAIN-KILLER** You may need it to-night

Bank of British Columbia

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent.) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.

Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 28th November, 1894.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE

The Board of Licensing Commissioners will sit on Wednesday next, the 12th inst., at 2:30 p.m. in the Police Court Room at the City Hall. By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
Victoria, Dec. 10th, 1894. C.M.C.

NOTICE.

Fort street, between Douglas and Blanchard is closed to public traffic. By order

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Tuesday, October 23, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
oc8-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
oc9-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
oc9-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, Lt'd.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the above company held on November 30th, 1894, an assessment of one fourth of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company payable forthwith to W. A. Johnston, secretary, at the companies' office, Quesnelle, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of January, 1895, shall be deemed delinquent and dealt with accordingly. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.
Quesnelle, B. C., Nov. 30th, 1894.
d7-6w-d&w

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th day of January, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next sitting by George Meldrum for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in and upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, from James Wishart and G. G. Meldrum to said G. G. Meldrum.

Dated this 15th day of September, A.D. 1894.

JAMES WISHART.
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Jean Colgdargipe of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1894.
n7-1m CHAS. MURISET.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting to be held in December for a transfer to John P. Schmidt of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail on the premises known as the Nickle Plate Saloon at No. 85 Government street, Victoria.

Victoria, November 12th, 1894.
THOMAS GARVIN.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Henry Harris of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1894.
n7-1m J. COIGDARRIPE.

NOTICE.

Re Estate of Peter Gerard, Deceased.

All persons having claims against Peter Gerard, late of the city of Victoria, deceased, are hereby required to send or deliver to the undersigned full particulars of their claims on or before the 7th day of December, 1894, after which date the executors will distribute the assets of the testatee, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

H. G. HALL,
12 Bastion Square, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Executors.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 7th, 1894. n7-4w

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between John Coltart and Louis H. Jenns, under the firm name of Coltart & Jenns, 72 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved from the 23rd day of November, 1894, by mutual consent, Mr. L. H. Jenns retiring from the said firm. The business of the Atlas Assurance Co., and the United Fire Insurance Co. will in future be carried on at 72 Government street by myself. All accounts due by the said firm of Coltart and Jenns will be settled on presentation to me, and all debts owing must be paid to me.

JOHN COLTART.
November 29, 1894. nov30-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Carlo Bossi of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, situated at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, in the city of Victoria.

WILLIAM HAINES.
Victoria, B. C., November 7th, 1894

Maternity Home
(LATE MATERNITAS.)
Removed to 123 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Fiske, Esquimalt, Gorge Road.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WITH THE BOARD OF TRADE

Minister Tupper Receives Several Suggestions and Makes Replies.

Fisheries, Cable Connections, Songhees Reserve and Other Matters.

There was a fair scattering of members of the board of trade at the conference between the board and Minister Tupper this morning. Captain John Irving was on hand with a bouquet of flowers which he presented to the minister of marine and fisheries. It had previously been arranged that different members of the board should address Minister Tupper on various topics.

Chairman Flumerfelt set the ball rolling. He said it was an honor to preside at a meeting at which Sir Charles was present, and he was sure it would redound to mutual benefit. It devolved on him to speak of lights and buoys. The board had made representations, some of which had been granted and others Sir Charles said were in process of consideration.

C. E. Renouf, speaking of the San Pedro, said the pilot who was on board at the time of the wreck was tried in Nanaimo. He was a Nanaimo pilot but it was in Victoria jurisdiction that the accident took place. He suggested that there should be one central authority in such matters, instead of the many jurisdictions.

Robert Ward, speaking of the marine hospital, said it was in a very unsatisfactory condition some time ago. The matter had come up in the House of Commons. The board had asked the department to enquire into the management. But it was evident that there was ground for the complaint. He believed that the hospital was inadequate and hoped that the minister would make enquiries.

Henry Croft spoke on the deep sea fisheries. He asked that there be a survey of the fishing banks of the north. He advocated that the Dominion government send a vessel north in the same way as the Albatross was commissioned by the American government. He urged that salmon fry be brought from the east and put in British Columbia waters for sporting purposes. Lobster, shad and oysters might also be imported.

J. H. Todd spoke re telegraph communication. There was no direct telegraph connection with the Sound. There had been a cable once, but it was now in disuse. Co-operation had been sought with a company in Seattle, but the Dominion government had refused a charter, for what reason he did not know. He asked that the matter be brought to the attention of the government and that the government put the cable in repair.

F. S. Futcher referred to the bankruptcy act. It was advisable to have such an act. The act should work as cheaply as possible, so that the creditors could get a fair share of the estate.

Robert Ward said the right of legislation on insolvency was vested in the Dominion government. The board of trade had frequently asked the government to legislate. Last session of the federal house a draft bill had been sent by the Dominion government to the board and had been returned with suggestions. The board could not understand the dilly-dally policy of the Dominion government. The Dominion was the only one of the British colonies that had not a bankruptcy law. The Australian colonies had put such legislation through, and why did not the Ottawa government?

J. H. Todd favored another telegraph system. Many business men had sent their telegraphs over to the Sound by mail instead of telegraphing from Victoria. If the east asked for connection with any American line the request would not be refused. Why was Victoria differently treated?

C. E. Renouf asked for an interpretation of clauses of the salmon regulations regarding rod fishing.

Sir Charles Tupper said it afforded him great pleasure to hear them on the various subjects. He would not take up their time in dealing in an exhaustive manner with them. He was tired of hearing his voice in Victoria. Re the San Pedro, he said there were ghastly sights on the coast of Ireland, where with lavish hand the British government did everything it could to aid navigation. The department of marine had not given too much indulgence to owners to save what was still their own property. It was true the department could step in and at once remove the wreck. If the board insisted that it should be removed, no doubt the government would remove it. The board could petition him and he would lay the matter before the governor-in-council. Speaking of the marine hospital, he said his department was unfairly attacked. He asked his officers to place all representations and reports before him and he had done as best he could. He was suddenly and unfairly attacked. The language used did give offence (he had forgotten it) but the main facts stood out plain—there was a great deal of smell after a little bit of pork. When the complaint was made of the hospital the officers rushed into print and asserted that the circumstances were exaggerated. The government did not pretend to maintain the marine hospitals in anything like the style and comfort found in other hospitals. But on the whole, they were able to give succor and relief to sailors in distress. The expenses of maintaining these hospitals far outran the sum appropriated. In Charlottetown, Halifax, Montreal and Quebec the government hospitals had been closed up, and the government paid 90 cents a day to local hospitals, and that was why he wished to advocate the same idea with respect to the hospital here. But there was a provision in the articles of confederation requiring the government to keep up the marine hospital. He had asked his officers here to send in a formal monthly report of the food, cleanliness, etc., and to be prompt in requisitions for all that contributed to the comfort of the patients. Since then there had been no complaints. The deep sea fisheries was a very interesting subject. It would be intense pleasure for him to answer the question of Mr. Croft in the affirmative but the United States spent millions where Canada only had thousands to appropriate. Individually he thought too much could not be done in the development of such an important interest. The Sir James Douglas had done good work, and personally he would not be sorry to hear that she had gone to the bottom if no loss of life were entailed, and then the department could apply for another boat. Perhaps the Douglas could be fitted out to help the Quadra on the fishing banks. He sympathized fully with the references made to the question. Mr. Croft had referred to the fact that salmon were imported from the United States and sold in British Columbia during the winter when fishermen were prevented from fishing here. He pleaded guilty to the indictment, but it was not until he reached British Columbia that the matter had been called to his attention. Other gentlemen had also overlooked it. This, however, would be immediately remedied.

The members from British Columbia had advocated the introduction of shad, lobster, etc., from eastern rivers. Although the United States had begun experiments a long while ago, they were still in an experimental state, and the department felt that it would await results in the United Sates. The subject was receiving constant attention from the officers of his department. Regarding the cable, he said the subject did not fall within his province; he was not able to deal with the matter, but he would explain to his colleagues the statements made to him. There was a difference of opinion regarding the insolvency act. In many provinces there was no insolvency act, and the government had prepared a bill, and drafts were submitted to the boards of trade of Canada. The matter was brought up in the senate, but there was a difficulty. The government took this course: the bill had been recast to such an extent and there had been so many conflicting issues that the government considered it better to let it stand over till another session.

Mr. Todd asked would the bill be revived.

The minister replied that Sir John Thompson had so intimated in reply to a question from a member of the commons; he could not say that it would be in the speech from the throne. Regarding the clauses of the fisheries regulations, he said it was not intended to be hard with the sportsmen and the difficulty would be rectified so that fishing by rod would not be prevented. In some parts of the country he had the name of being an economizer of the public money; it had been said it was the idea of the marine and fisheries department not to spend money. The department had a staff of good officers, and many men, such as Mr. Anderson, were well up in hydrographics. Since he took office the expenses were twice as great, the lighthouses were twice as many. Mr. Anderson asked for $125,000 for lights that were in the interest of Canada; parliament had only appropriated between $30,000 and $40,000. In 1874 $15,000 was the annual charge for the maintenance of lights, and this was the same till 1878, when construction had begun. Now it was $24,000. For construction account $6000 was spent in British Columbia last year. He knew that was not enough, but there was no more money to spend and there was a wide extent of country to cover. In 1878 the marine department spent $128,000 in British Columbia; last year $60,000 was spent. There was a bona fide effort to keep it up and encourage in every way the development of British Columbia. There were many aids to navigation in British Columbia which the department had under consideration. He appealed for frankness on both sides; the department would be frank and he expected frankness from the board.

Mr. Ker asked what steps had been taken by the Dominion government regarding the removal of the Indians from the Songhees reserve.

Sir Charles replied that no steps had been taken. The matter was awaiting the return of Premier Thompson. He saw it was a question that needed attention at once.

Col. Prior moved a vote of thanks to Sir Charles. He hoped the little differences had been smoothed over. Sir Charles had been well received and had given every attention to the representations made to him.

The vote of thanks was put and carried. Chairman Flumerfelt, in tendering the vote, said he hoped that as Sir Charles said last night in the opera house Mr. Laurier would be in the same position after the elections as he was now—the leader of the opposition. He (the chairman) wished to see Sir Charles in his present position as minister of marine and fisheries when he next visited the province.

Sir Charles said he could not have imagined the extent of kindness that was to be shown to him in British Columbia. He was glad that Mr. Laurier had been given a kindly welcome and generous treatment.

The meeting concluded at 12.30.

Southern Republics.

Managua, Dec. 11.—It is rumored that Nicaragua has suspended the entente with Honduras, but it is openly asserted that Guatemala is now trying to arrange a treaty between Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—R W Lowery, P B Martin, Jas Wright, Dr. Blahard, Chs Fisher, O G Goodfellow, H Helgson, H Wicks, J S Pierro, Mrs Pierro, C H White, L Rothschilds, J Sheban, Miss Thompson.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—L Garfinkle, W E Hopkins, Vic Chemical Co, John Wilson & Co, T H Berg, Express—Vic El Ry & Lt Co, T S Fletcher.

BIRTH.

MACKENZIE—On the 11th instant, at 314 Yates street, the wife of Roderick Mackenzie, of a son.

—Catarrh—Use Nasal Balm. Quick, positive cure. Soothing, cleansing, healing.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

BARGAINS
.....IN.....
BOOKS!

We have a few lines of Bound Books which we propose to clear out entirely within the next few days.

Watch Our Windows.

What do you think of that line of

CLOTH BOUND BOOKS
—AT—
15 Cts. Per Volume.

The others are exceptionally good bargains.

Have you made an estimate of the number of Beans in the jar?

GO : IN : AND : WIN

Jamieson

JEWELRY, Etc
AT COST,

As we are going into the WHOLESALE JEWELRY BUSINESS in this Province, We are Clearing Out All Our Stock At Cost.

DAVIDSON BROS.,

The Jewelers,
59 Government St.

ASSIGNEE SALE.

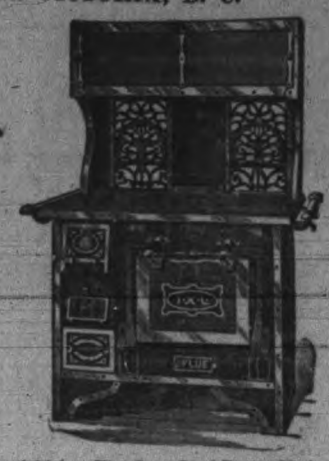
If You Want Bargains in

Glassware, Tinware, Crockery

and many other similar articles call at GEORGE L. SIMPSON'S, Douglas Street. The whole of the stock has to be sold regardless of cost.

PERRY & TURNER

42 JOHNSON ST., VICTORIA, B. C.



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Builders' Hardware,
Stoves, Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights and Roofing. I.X.L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

Odd Lines

Of Shoes are to be sold at a big cut. For instance, we have some of Laird Scholler & Mitchell's boots for ladies—splendid goods—formerly sold for $4.75 and $5.00, to clear at $3.60. Get a pair now; they wont remain long in stock at this price. When you save a dollar on a purchase you can buy another dollar's worth of goods.

A. B. Erskine,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company

... ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER ...

Turkeys, live .....19c. per lb
Turkeys, dressed .....20c. per lb
Geese from.....$1.25 to $1.50 each
Ducks .....$1.25 per pair
Chickens from.....80c. to $1 per pair

Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

22 1-2 Pandora St., Cor. Broad and Cormprant, Opposite City Market.

What About Your Christmas Cake?

The question of nice fruits to put in it need not bother you. We have just opened a choice lot of Valencia, Sultana and layer raisins, new currants, lemon peel, etc.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,

Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

NOTICE

From now till Christmas we will sell a Special Line of SUITINGS arrived by express. Call and see these goods. They are sure to please you.

CAMPBELL & CO.,

88 Government Street.

PHIL R. SMITH,

Book Binder, Paper Ruler, & Manufacturing Stationer

32 LANGLEY STREET.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Numidian .....Dec. 22
Allan Line, Mongolian .....Jan. 5
Allan Line, Laurentian .....Jan. 19
Dominion Line, Vancouver .....Dec. 15
Dominion Line, Oregon .....Dec. 29
Dominion Line, Labrador .....Jan. 12

From New York.

Cunard Line, Campania .....Dec. 15
Cunard Line, Umbria .....Dec. 22
American Line, New York .....Dec. 12
American Line, Paris .....Dec. 19
White Star Line, Adriatic.....Dec. 12
White Star Line, Teutonic .....Dec. 19
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Trave .....Dec. 11
North Ger. Lloyd, Elbe .....Dec. 18
Anchor Line, Circassia, ...Dec. 22
Anchor Line, Ethiopia .....Dec. 29
Red Star Line, Noordland.....Dec. 12
Red Star Line, Pennland .....Dec. 15
Alan State Line, Nebraska .....Dec. 20

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $35 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

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You and compel you to inspect our stock of Fine TWEEDS, WORSTEDS, Etc., for the winter trade. Your own interest and better judgment should bring you here.

Scotch Tweed Suits from $20.
Worsted Suits, $30.

J. W. CREIGHTON,

86 Government Street.